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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.

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BRITAIN'S VERDICT ON INDIA ON MAY 22?

Ismay Will Be Back Next Week

Simultaneous Announcement From London & New Delhi

R. T. C. OF "BIG FIVE" TO PRECEDE DECLARATION

LONDON, May 7. (Reuter): General Lord Ismay, the Viceroy's Chief of Staff, and his colleagues who flew from Delhi to London at the week-end with Admiral Lord Mountbatten's report to the British Cabinet on the India constitutional situation, arranged a further conference tonight at 10, Downing Street with the Cabinet India experts, cables Fraser Wighton, Reuter's political correspondent. With the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, presiding, the other ministers attending were: the Secretary of State for India, Lord Listowel, Sir Stafford Cripps and Mr. A. V. Alexander.

The Mission spent to-day in discussions on policy with various high officials of the India Office.

Authoritative quarters maintained complete silence upon the talks themselves. Political quarters believed, however, that their scope covers the vital question of whether partition of India is now inevitable or whether there is still some prospect of the Cabinet Mission Plan of May 16 last year providing a broad pattern for transfer of power.

The general belief at the moment is that the talks may extend into next week. The return of the Mission to Delhi with the British Cabinet's reactions to the Viceroy's report may, it is thought, be followed at an early date by some official indication of the British Government and the Viceroy's mind on the next steps proposed.

VERDICT ON MAY 22

(From Our Correspondent)
LAHORE, May 7.

It is gathered from Congress and Sikh leaders who have recently returned from Delhi that Lord Ismay will be back in New Delhi on May 16 and the declaration regarding India's future constitutional changes in the shape of award will be announced from London and Delhi on May 22.

The same day, British Prime Minister Major Attlee will make declaration before British Parliament and Lord Mountbattan may address Indian nation from All-India Radio.

R.T.C. OF "BIG FIVE"

Before this declaration the Viceroy will hold a short Round Table Conference consisting of five Indian "big" leaders which may include Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mr. Jinnah, Mr. Liaquat-ali Khan and a Sikh leader Master Tara Singh or Sardar Baldev Singh.

The Viceroy will seek co-operation for his award.

I also learn that Governors of various provinces have also been informed about this date so that, they may take precautionary measures in view of the coming constitutional changes.

Gag On Three City Papers

Action Under Public Security Measures Act

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The printers and publishers of three dailies and one weekly have been served with orders under the Bombay Public Security Measures Act, 1947, directing them not to print or publish for seven days any matter relating to the communal riots or incidents occurring anywhere in India, including any news, article, comment, picture or cartoon and also including communiques or statements issued by the Central Government or any Provincial Government, or by any of their officers; or any matter which tends directly or indirectly to promote feelings of enmity or hatred between different classes.

The papers against whom action has been taken are the "Morning Herald" (English daily, Bombay), the "Muslim" (Urdu daily, Bombay), the "Arya Prakash", (Gujarati weekly, Bombay), and the "Agrani" (Marathi daily, Poona).

It might be recalled that the Government of Bombay had announced some time ago that the Government had decided to take action under the Public Security Measures Act restraining, when necessary, the printers and publishers of newspapers from printing or publishing and reports or articles which have any bearing on communal questions or incidents.

Order banning the receiving, transferring etc., of knives and other sharp edged instruments into or through the Kolaba District without previous permit will continue to remain in force for a further period of one month from May 14.

STOP PRESS

BRITAIN NOT TO INTERFERE IN CHINESE CIVIL WAR

LONDON, May 7 (Reuter): The British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, rejected the suggestion in the House of Commons to-day that the British Government should take steps to promote a settlement in the Chinese Civil War.

RAJEN BABU CANCELS HYDERABAD TRIP

(From Our Correspondent)
HYDERABAD, May 7.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, Food Member who was expected to visit Hyderabad 'en route' North Indian tour on the invitation of the Hyderabad Government has, for the present, cancelled his programme.

U.N.O. EXTRAORDINARY SESSION

NEW YORK, May 7 (A.P.A.): The United Nations Assembly was called into an extraordinary plenary session to-day to formally offer the Arab Higher Committee of Palestine a hearing before the Political Committee with the same status as the Jewish Agency.

SHARIAN TO DEMAND PLEBISCITE

BATAVIA,, May 7 (Reuter). Dr. Sutan Shariar, the Indonesian Premier, said today that the Indonesian Republic would seek an international ally controlled plebiscite throughout the whole archipelago if the Dutch wanted elections in West Java.

SUDAN AND U.N.O.

LONDON , May 7 (Reuter). The Sudanese Umma Party, whose programme is independence from both Britain and Egypt, cabled to M. Trygve Lie, the United Nations Secretary General, on April 14 requesting an opportunity to state the Sudanese case before the Security Council when Egypt's complaint against Britain is fomally raised, it was authoritatively revealed for the first time in London today.

PARTIES MUST ACCEPT AWARD

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, May 7.

The Viceroy, according to reports, has communicated to Congress and League leaders that the parties having failed to reach agreement, British will give the award which they would implement before handing over power in June 1948.

Lord Mountbatten is believed to have stressed the inadvisability of violence and use of force to create sanctions. The parties, it is emphasised, should accept the award and allow its implementation under peaceful conditions. Till June 1948, British would remain responsible for India's progress and would restore peace if methods of persuasion fail in their objective, it is asserted here.

SENATOR SHOT DEAD

OKLAHOMA CITY, May 7 (Reuter). Mr. Tom Anglin, a Member of the Oklahoma Senate was shot in the State Senate Chamber tonight.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, May 7.

Previous Closing	....	29.18
Today's Opening	....	29.20
Difference	.....	+02
Today's Closing	....	29.63
Difference	.....	+45

NEW YORK STOCK UNCHANGE

NEW YORK, May 7.

New York Stock Exchange Opening prices.

Anaconda Copper Mining 35.7/8
General Motors 58-3/8
United States Steel Common 68-5/8 (exditidend).
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

The Bombay Chronicle begins a new Sports Feature to-day.

Bill Edrich, the England and Middlesex All-Rounder and the probable English skipper for the ensuing Test Matches against South Africa, will contribute an exclusive feature every week on Cricket and allied matters.

It will be remembered that Edrich—though a last-minute selection—alone came out with flying colours from the last tour in Australia. His articles have thus a topical interest for our boys who will be visiting Australia this year—and to thousands of cricket fans who will be keenly watching their bouts with the Kangaroo.

Edrich writes to-day on England's Test Prospects. He also gives valuable tips on the secret of Australia's Cricket successes. Watch out for the succeeding articles week by week.

ENGLAND'S TEST PROSPECTS

By

W. J. EDRICH

English crowds are going to like the South Africans.

They come with the reputation of being hard hitters and fast scorers, and from what I have seen of them so far they look well equipped to live up to it—especially if we get some sun this summer

Alan Melville, Bruce Mitchell, Dudley Nourse, and Ken Viljoen, whom I remember so well for their fine play in South Africa in 1939, and the last three of whom were over here with the touring team of 1935, were middling the ball beautifully at the nets at Lord's, and I'm afraid they will give quite a few headaches to our bowlers. Of the new men in the party I have been particularly impressed by the stylish aggression of Tony Harris, the Springbok rugby fly-half. He lacks height, as I do, but that in no way limits his effectiveness. He punches that ball about as hard as Baksi punched Woodcock.

SECRET OF BATSMANSHIP

His secret is the secret of all great batsmanship—sound footwork. He moves quickly, has a good eye, gets well over the ball and has that late wristy flick-through which makes the ball flash from his bat with the speed of a rocket. A Spitfire pilot during the war, Tony had the bad luck to be shot down in the sea off Italy, and, after being rescued by the Germans, spent several months as a prisoner of war. But that experience has not affected his judgment of a cricket ball He really goes after it. A magnificent field, he was 12th man in all the Tests of 1938-9.

Left arm bowler N. B. F. Mann, who got a golf Blue at Cambridge and played cricket for Sussex Martletts before he returned to the Union, also looks a very useful bowler. He flights the ball well and spins it a lot, and, if he can get a wicket to suit him, he will be a tough proposition for the best of our batsmen. The well mixed, viciously spun off-spinners of Athol Rowan, (younger brother of Eric Rowan who did so well in 1935) are also likely to trouble stronger sides than Worcester where he started so well.

STIFF TEST FOR ENGLAND

It is much too early, of course, to form any definite opinion about the real strength of the tourists, but, for Test purposes, I think they will feel the lack of real pace in attack as much as we did in Australia. They could do with another Bob Crisp.

Having said that, I would add that England cannot afford to take the South African challenge lightly. We also have a fast bowler problem, and the new blood which seems certain to get its chance in the England team this year will have no easy task. South Africa won their first Test and rubber in this country on their last visit—in 1935—and have every right to feel they are now on an equal Test footing with the Mother Country and Australia. They know very well that we are not yet back to our best, but will pull no punches on that account! Nor do we expect them to do so. Melville's party is a strong mixture of youth and experience with a concentration on spin bowling. If they get the right wickets, they are all set to give us a difficult time. A certainty is the fact that they will give us all good, sporting, fighting cricket.

AUSTRALIANS ARE NOT BETTER

Ever since I landed back in this country from Australia I have been pestered with the question "Why are the Australians better cricketers than we are?" The simple, honest answer to that, of course, is that the Australians are NOT better than we are. During the past winter they had a better team than we had, and that is all there was to it. But I think my questioners really wanted to know why Australia, with its small population, can produce such a high percentage of first class players with such persistency. That is simple also. The Australians are cricket-minded and are clever enough to train their youngsters on good, safe, wickets—made of concrete. And the sooner

(Continued on Page 5)

SPECIAL

You cannot count Bill Edrich among the immortals of cricket—not yet! But he made a big name for himself in the recent visit to Australia and is already being talked about as the coming Captain of England.

He will write for the *Bombay Chronicle* a weekly feature on cricket and we present to our cricket fans his first article today

FRANCO-VIET NAM PEACE TALKS

French Marine Minister Surprised At Statements In British Press

PARIS, May 7, (Reuter): M. Louis Jacquinot, the French Minister of Marine, who has just returned from a tour of inspection in Indo-China, said to-day that he was "not aware" of any peace negotiations between the French authorities and the Viet Nam.

"I was much surprised to read this information in the British press" the Minister said.

"Reuter" adds that so far as is known there have been no reports that peace talks have actually begun.

Both in Paris and the French administrative Centre of Saigon in Indo-China, however, "informed quarters" were quoted as foreshadowing negotiations between the French and Dr. Ho Chi Minh's Viet Nam administration.

Saigon said that talks would start "somewhere near Hanoi", the Viet Nam capital, before the week-end.

"Usually reliable sources" in Paris said that the Viet Nam Government had semi-officially approached the French High Commissioner in Saigon with a view to cessation of hostilities.

250 MILLION DOLLAR WORLD BANK LOAN TO FRANCE

PARIS, May 7 (Reuter). M. Robert Schumann, the French Finance Minister, today told the Assembly Finance Commission that the French Government had been granted a 250.000.000 dollars loan from the World Bank.

The first slice of the loan, he said, would be signed today.

Britain To Be "Very Tough" With Creditor Nations

Not Prepared To Regard All Sterling Balances As Legitimate Debt

LONDON, May 7. (U.P.A.): Britain in the forthcoming negotiations with creditor nations holding large sterling balances "will refuse to recognize the full extent of credits as legitimate debt", an informed source said today.

The source said the declaration yesterday by Chancellor of the Exchequer Hugh Dalton that British war debts must be scaled down was a "warning to the people with sterling balances that we are prepared to be very tough."

According to the "A.P.A.", observers stated that the declaration, although made to a Brazilian Chamber of Commerce meeting in London, was aimed at bigger creditors—especially India and Egypt.

In dollars, Britain's debt totals more than 16,000,000,000 and the dollar figure is important because the American loan with which Britain is trying to regain its economic equilibrium caused Sir Hugh Dalton to speak out. Under the loan terms, Britain must make some move toward debt settlement by July 15.

Britain owes Brazil 65.000.000 pounds. Negotiations for settlement of this debt now under way here are not moving too smoothly.

INDIA'S REFUSAL.

Britain owes India 1,200,000,000 pounds. It was Egypt 440.000.000 pounds. Both India and Egypt, in preliminary fiscal talks, have refused to scale down these debts. Both India and Egypt were war zones and fighting bases.

Some time ago, Winston Churchill told the Commons that while he was Prime Minister during the war he told India that she should undertake to pay Britain something for the services Britain rendered the great subcontinent. No specific bill for such services was ever presented and the Government to-day will not say just what figure it thinks might be placed on such an account.

But authorised commentators said that the Government took the position that India would have been overrun by the Japanese, and that Egypt would have been overrun by the Germans, had not British troops interposed themselves.

That is what Dalton meant when he referred to the 4,000.000.000 pounds debt as "nominally owed." That is

(Continued on page 5)

"Keep Peace At Any Cost"

Jinnah's Call To Frontier Leaguers

"Muslim's Duty To Protect Minorities Despite Gravest Provocations"

NEW DELHI, May 7. (A.P.I.): Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, in a thousand-word statement on the Frontier issued this afternoon, recalls the history of the present movement there and says that he cannot disagree with the decision of the Frontier League leaders taken on May 1 not to call off the movement.

"Nevertheless", Mr. Jinnah says, "we must recognise that the question of the Frontier in all its aspects is now before His Majesty's Government, and Lord Ismay is in the United Kingdom now, and in my opinion it is a question of a few weeks when decisions concerning the whole of India are likely to be announced.

FULL TEXT

Following is the full text of the statement:

"I have had the opportunity of fully discussing with the Frontier League leaders the situation in the North West Frontier Province and the developments that have taken place recently. The League movement in the Frontier was started because the people, and especially the Muslim Leaguers and the League organization in the province, were sought to be crushed by the Khan Sahib Ministry, by fair means or foul, ever since the ministry was formed. The victimisation, persecution, suppression and oppression on the part of the Government, knew no limits. Every vestige of civil liberties had ceased to exist. Ordinances, Frontier Crime Regulations, Section 144 and other repressive provisions of the law were being freely and ruthlessly used to deprive the people of their rights of political expression and criticism of the ministry.

"These were the conditions prevailing in the province when the top-ranking leaders of the Muslim League were arrested for asserting their right of civil liberties, and the resentment caused among the people assumed the character of Mass Civil Disobedience.

"It is absolutely false and a complete misrepresentation of the facts that the All-India Muslim League ever decided to actually resort to direct action. The Bombay resolution of 29th July, 1946, merely indicated a change of policy. By it we declared that we would no longer be restricted to constitutional methods which had been scrupulously followed by the All-India Muslim League upto that time. The Congress creed, on the other hand, not only permitted them to resort to unlawful means, but it was of the very essence of the organization that they were free to resort to mass civil disobedience at any time they considered proper for the achievement of their objectives through coercive methods.

"SWORD OF DAMOCLES"

"This sword of damocles was kept continually hanging over the Muslims and the British Government, and the Congress has repeatedly launched movements and used the weapon of mass civil disobedience since 1921 on various occasions, creating grave situations in the country. The last time they decided to launch the Government was in 1942 and we all know with what disastrous consequences. The attitude of the Congress towards perpetrators of acts of violence in connection with movements launched by it is evident from what the Congress Ministries have been doing since their return to power in their provinces. Acts of violence committed during the 1942 movement have been hailed by the Congress leaders' acts of heroism and patriotism.

DIRECT ACTION

"As against this policy and record of the Congress, the Muslim League by its resolution of July 29, only made it clear that it was now free to launch a movement of mass civil disobedience as and when it was thought necessary, and it was in this sense that the phrase Direct Action was used. It is quite obvious that the meaning of direct action which is attributed to us maliciously, namely that it is based on the principle of force, violence and bloodshed, is without any foundation and is absolutely untrue. Direct action means social pressure, strike or revolt, constituting moral pressure upon the authority in power to redress our grievances and meet out demands.

"The present movement in the North-West Frontier Province developed because the situation had become intolerable and the Ministry

(Continued on Page 5)

Magistrate Against "Red Jowar"

BULSAR, May 6. (A.P.I.): The red "jowar" sold in ration shops and produced as "exhibit" in the court is unfit for human consumption and should be destroyed

This view was held by the First Class Magistrate of Bulsar, Dr Pardiwala, giving judgment in the Red Jowar Test Case.

The case was instituted by Thakorebhai Desai, Vice-President of the Bulsar Municipality against the rationing authorities.

Control Over Textiles To Go

Pulses And Sugar Also To Be Free

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, May 7.

Dals (pulses) and sugar will shortly be de-controlled according to reports here.

As for textiles, Government of India have sought the views of Provincial Governments on the advisability or otherwise of continuing control.

Government of India's view, it is believed, is that Central control should not be lifted unless provinces are agreed to lift their control as well. Government of India will reach final decision as soon as provincial opinions are received here. New Delhi will not be surprised if control is lifted by the middle of the year.

Mahatma Leaves For Calcutta

NEW DELHI, May 7 (APL) Mahatma Gandhi, accompanied by Miss Manu Gandhi, left for Calcutta tonight by the Howrah Express. He entrained at Bhandara Railway Station.

GANDHIJI ON HIS VISIT TO JINNAH

NEW DELHI, May 7 (A.P.I.): Gandhiji at to-day's prayer referred to his visit to Quaid-e-Azam Jinnah. He said the conversations were carried on a friendly spirit even though there could never be agreement between them on the question of division of India. He could not bear the thought of it and so long as he was convinced that it was wrong, he could not possibly put his signature to the scheme. He held it was not only bad for Hindus but was equally so far Muslims.

He did not think in terms of the good of any particular community where India was concerned. He tried to be the representative and servant of all alike. But Quaid-e-Azam and he had declared again in clear language that they abjured violence for all time for attaining political ends. To that they were both pledged.

He said that many people were opposed to his going to Jinnah Saheb but he was convinced that no harm could possibly have accrued therefrom. After all they were fellow Indians and had to live in the same land.

Gandhiji then announced his departure this evening for Calcutta and took leave of the audience.

CHUNDRIGAR FOR LONDON

NEW DELHI, May 7 (APL) Mr I I Chundrigar, Commerce Member of the Government of India, will leave New Delhi by air on Friday for London 'en route' to Geneva, where he will lead the Indian Delegation to the second session of the Preparatory Committee of the International Conference on Trade and Employment. He is expected back in India by May 25.

The Commerce Member will be accompanied by Mr. A. Hilaly, who is acting as his private secretary.

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF STEEL CUPBOARD AND STUDEBAKER CAR.

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay, we will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, 9-5-47, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at our rooms Insolvent Baboolal Devidas' steel cupboard, and at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at show-room of Orient Motors, Hughes Road, one Studebaker Motor car No. BMW7314 belonging to Mr. Madhavdas C. Jumani, re: Insolvent Mohomed Abdula Maman.

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AQUARIUM FOR BOMBAY

Kher To Lay Foundation-Stone Of Centre Of Research In Marine Biology On Friday

The Taraporevala Aquarium which is to be located in Bombay and the construction of which will be undertaken shortly, will be a landmark in the history of marine biological research in India, when it is completed. The Aquarium, the foundation-stone of which will be laid to-morrow (Friday) by Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier, will facilitate research in marine biology and fishery and provide teamwork between experts and students of the different branches of marine biology.

In Europe and America, marine biology and practical knowledge in fishery have made great progress. The Indian fishing industry is still in its intancy. India has a vast coastline and the fishing industry has a great future before it. Unless the industry is developed on scientific basis, the rich potential resources of the Indian seas cannot be tapped.

Europe alone has 75 such aquaria all along its coast. These aquaria and stations receive generous financial and moral support from the Governments, Universities, public spirited businessmen, fishery associations and scientists. Quite a number of these stations belong to various universities situated in the interior, far away from the sea. Students during their vacations take advantage of these stations. Lectures and classes are also arranged for the benefit of fishermen.

FACILITIES FOR STUDY

The Taraporevalla Aquarium will have spacious lecture rooms and an up-to-date library, small chemical laboratory and glass tanks for the display of both marine and fresh water fishes. The Aquarium will provide facilities for the scientists and students from other parts of India and abroad for study and research in marine biology.

It was a great desire of Mr. Vicaji D. B. Taraporevala and the late Mrs. Taraporevala donors of the proposed aquarium, to promote research in fishery. They donated Rs. 2,13,000 (along with interest) for this purpose and the rest was contributed by the Government. The Aquarium will be in charge of the Department of Fisheries, and maintained by the Bombay Government.

The Aquarium will be situated in front of the Catholic Gymkhana, Marine Drive, and its construction is likely to be completed within 18 to 20 months.

K. C. Bakhle As B. B. & C. I. Railway General Manager

Mr. K. C. Bakhle, has been appointed General Manager of the B.B. and C.I. Railway in succession to Sir George Cuffe.

TOKYO, May 6 (Reuter). General Douglas MacArthur's Headquarters today ordered the Japanese Government to freeze all German property in public or private Japanese warehouses to prevent unauthorised withdrawnal.

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Mixed Reception To I. N. T. U. Congress

Abidali Calls It Right Move: 'Detrimental' Says N. M. Joshi

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The newly formed labour organisation, the Indian National Trade Union Congrress has been received by the local Trade Union workers with mixed feelings. While the Congress labour leaders have welcome the I. N. T. U. C., the All-India Trade Union Congress workers feel that "the new move is detrimental to the interest of working class movement".

"IMPROPER" STEP

The non-attached Trade Union workers think that, "though the present leadership of the A.I.T.U.C. is in wrong hands, the formation of a rival labour organisation is an improper step."

Mr. N. M. Joshi, General Secretary of the All-India Trade Union Congress, has advised the working class in general and the unions affiliated to the All India Trade Union Congress in particular "not to be misled by the decision of the Conference of Congressmen convened by the Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh on May 3 last at Delhi to start a new central organisation of labour."

Mr. Joshi says that "the new move is detrimental to the vital interest of the working class as it will weaken their solidarity." He hopes that "affiliated Unions will not allow themselves to be disaffiliated from the All-India Trade Union Congress although the leaders of some Unions might have decided to do so without consulting the members.

ADJUNCT OF CONGRESS

Refuting all the grounds concerning A.I.T.U.C. put forth at the Conference for starting the new organisation Mr. Joshi says: "It is claimed that the the newly formed organisation is a non-party and non-political body. But the very resolution adopted by the Central Board of the Hindustan Mazdoor Sevak Sangh proposing the formation of the new labour organisation clearly states that this new organisation will conduct the labour movement 'in accordance with the principles set out in the statement of the Working Committee of the Indian National Congress, dated August 13, 1946.

This alone makes it clear that only those who owe allegiance to the Congress Working Committee of the Indian National Congress can have a place in the new organisation and that the organisation is really an adjunct of the Indian National Congress and is in no sense a non-party or non-political labour organisation as the All-India Trade Union Congress is.

"Again, is important to note that the new organisation was brought into being at a Conference presided over by the Home Member of the Government of India and attended by the Labour Member as well as by some Provincial Premiers and Labour Ministers. The active association of these Ministers in the formation of the new organisation shows that the organisation may not be free from Government influence and thus may not be able to represent a free and democratic labour movement. The tendency to form such organisations may ultimately lead to the dangerous situation which obtains today in China, where the labour movement which is recognised by the Government has practically become department of the Government."

ABIDALI WELCOMES CONGRESS MOVE

Welcoming the formation of the Indian National Trade Union Congress, Mr. Abid Ali Jafferbhai, President of the B.E.S.T. Workers' Union, in an interview said, "Several attempts were made in the past to make the All-India Trade Union Congress work in the interests of the Indian Workingclass. But the Communists who installed themselves in the A.I.T.U.C. organisation when the Congressmen were in jail by fair and foul means, treated and still treat the organisation as if it is their personal property. They have sabotaged the interest of Indian labour for the sake of Moscow. Indian workers will never forgive the Communists for betraying their cause during the war."

Continuing, Mr. Abid Ali said that the Communist controlled A.I.T.U.C. had compelled Indian labour to form the I.N.T.U.C.

NON-PARTY ORGANISATION

"I am certain that the Indian Working class will wholeheartedly welcome this organisation. The I.N.T.U.C will be run on complete democratic lines, free from all kinds of political or communal influence of any organisation or group.

Concluding Mr. Abid Ali appealed to all workers to join the I.N.T.U.C. to build up a strong and genuine working class movement.

Mr. R. A. Khedgikar, Vice-President of the All-India Trade Union Congress M.L.A. in the Bombay Assembly in an interview characterised the formation of the I.N.T.U.C. as an unfortunate step. He added, "At this juncture, united working-class movement is very essential in the interests of the country and labour."

SOCIALISTS TO REMAIN NEUTRAL?

The Congress Socialist Party will meet officially on Sunday to decide its attitude to the I.N.T.U.C. It seems that the C.S.P. leaders who attended the Delhi meeting remained neutral.

The rank and file among the local C.S.P., it is learnt, have opposed the formation of the rival organisation at its recent party meeting. It is gathered from knowledgeable sources that the C.S.P. will decide to remain neutral and follow a "wait and watch" policy till the I.N.T.U.C. takes a definite shape. Though the C.S.P. is opposed to the Communist tactics the radical section in the C.S.P. feel that by aligning themselves with the I.N.T.U.C. they will be isolated from the working class movement

Women & World Peace

Begum Hamid Ali Pleads For Equal Rights

Begum Hamid Ali, India's representative at the United Nations' Commission on the Status of Women, recently returned to India. In an interview with the United Press of America she said the hope for continued work peace lay largely in the world's recognition of equal rights of women.

Begum Hamid Ali

"Women so loathe war", she says, "that given proper authority they can become major influence in preventing it. We can instil that loathing in the minds of our children and if women worldwide can work in harmony and friendship with each other a tremendous power for peace will arise", Begum Hamid Ali says she was impressed in meeting women other nations at the United Nations meetings how essentially alike all women are regardless of nationality. She says given proper authority women all the worldover can be an important influence for good "with women men on equal basis we can all put our weight into preventing war." She said she was favourably impressed with the amount of work the United Nations has accomplished in the first "far more than anyone could reasonably expect," urging codification of laws of all countries to enforce equal rights for all citizens. Begum Hamid Ali said such codification would be the best possible solution for India's problems. If India's laws could be unified so that Indians would consider themselves Indians first and foremost, all bickering caused by separate rules governing Hindus, Muslims and other sects would be overcome.

Mrs. Hamid Ali, who is the daughter of the late Congress leader, Abbas Tyabji, has done considerable social work and has taken a leading part in the All-India Women's Conference of which she was one of the founders. In 1928 she was Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Conference and from 1929 to 1932 she worked as Organising Secretary of the Conference and its Treasurer. In 1933 she went to England as one of the three representatives of Indian women to the Round Table Conference and was invited to speak in Geneva on the status of women in India. In 1935 she went as leader of the Indian Delegation to the World's Conference on women in Istanbul. In 1937 she travelled through Europe and Asia, visiting Egypt, Palestine, Syria, Turkey, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Austria, Germany, Hungary, Esthonia, Switzerland and France, attended to World Peace and Freedom Conference of Women at Lunacovico in Czechoslovakia on behalf of the All-India Women's Conference and addressed many meetings all over Europe and the Middle East explaining the problems of India and Indian women particularly. In 1940-41 she became President of the All-India Women's Conference.

KHER URGES SANE TO GIVE UP FAST

BOMBAY, May 7: "I am extremely pained to know that Sane Guruji is continuing his fast unto death to get the Vithoba Mandir thrown open to Harijan," said Mr. B. G. Kher, Premier of Bombay, in a press interview, on his return from Delhi, referring to Sane Guruji's fast at Pandharpur.

"I would here like to recall that long before Sane Guruji announced his intention of fasting, six months ago, the Government of Bombay had already made known their decision to introduce the Temple Entry Bill in the Legislature"

Mr. Kher added: "I was in Delhi when Sane Guruji began his fast on May 1 Immediately Guruji's intention was known, that great expert on fasts, Mahatma Gandhi, sent a special message to Guruji beseeching him to desist from the fast.

"In my own way, I too have pleaded with Guruji in a letter, to give up the fast. But as it is obviously a matter conscience with him, he has not so far abandoned it.

I have received several representations from people in scattered areas,

Shri Sane Guruji

but couched in identical words, and asking for the issue of an Ordinance throwing open the Vithal Mandir to Harijans.

"It is obvious that those who put their signatures to these identically-worded representations have not understood even the wishes of Sane Guruji regarding temple-entry. Guruji categorically calls for a change of heart on the part of the people. An Ordinance is cerainly not the best method of bringing about the change of heart that Guruji desires.

"In these circumstances, I would most earnestly appeal to the Priests or Pujaris and to the people of the Bombay Province not to wait for the passing of the Temple Entry Bill, but to remove untouchability by throwing open all temples to Harijans.

"I would, at the same time, humbly appeal to Sane Guruji also to abandon his fast, and live for many years to labour in the cause of Harijans".

CONGRESS HARIJAN SEVA SAMITI

The following resolution was passed at the meeting of the Congress Harijan Seva Samiti held on April 29 at the Congress House:—

"This meeting of the Congress Harijan Seva Samiti held on 29th April 1947, while appreciating the purpose behind the fast of Sane Guruji, strongly urges that with a view to further the cause of Harijans, Guruji should give up the fast forthwith and thus honour the wishes of Mahatma Gandhi and other leaders of the country. The meeting further requests the Provincial Government to take necessary and immediate steps to see that temple entry is covered up by law. The meeting also requests the public especially the citizens of Pandharpur to induce the Trustees to declare the temple of Shri Vithal Rukhmani open for Harijans and to save the life of Sane Guruji".

Workers Observe "Sane Guruji" Day

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Fifteen textile mills, three Railway workshops and eleven small factories in the city, involving about 50,000 workers, remained closed as the workers, abstained from duty this morning in observance of Sane Guruji day Some of the shops in north Bombay were also closed.

Sane Guruji, it may be recalled, commenced his fast on May 1 to secure the entry of Harijans to the famous Vithoba temple at Pandharpur.

ANNIVERSARY OF BLAVATSKY

Her Deep Generosity And Dauntless Courage

(From A Correspondent.)

Today is May 8, 1947, the anniversary of the passing away of H. P. Blavatsky.

India cannot forget her, indeed, for she loved and served India devotedly and ardently, and wished for her a return to her ancient spirituality.

We need mention only two qualities to appreciate her personality—her deep generosity and her dauntless courage. She was the very incarnation of kindness. Not only for the Cause of the Ancient Wisdom-Religion did she sacrifice; not only to her friends did she give out of the store of her knowledge so generously but she ever helped the unknown stranger, bestowing sympathy and caret on the poor and the submerged She practised what she preached about real charity. She writes in "The Key to Theosophy": "The Theosophical ideas of charity mean personal exertion for others, personal mercy and kindness; personal interest in the welfare of those who suffer; personal sympathy, forethought and assistance in their troubles or needs" Again and again, poor as she was at times, she took the last morsel out of her mouth to feed one poorer than herself. Did she not once travel 4th class, crossing the Atlantic from Europe to America in the most uncomfortable condition to share her ticket with a miserable immigrant woman and her children?

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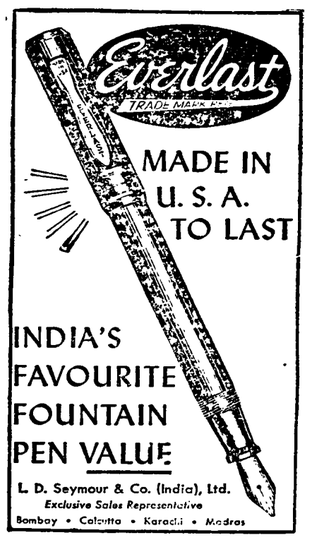

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Parsi: Ader 7, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-08 a.m. Sunset: 7-04 p.m.
Hightide: 01-14, 14-17. Lowtide: 07-23, 20-12.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 2-30 p.m. (B.T.).

Today's Engagements

THE DHARAMSI MORARJI CHEMICAL CO., LTD.: Twenty-seventh ordinary general meeting of the shareholders today (Thursday) at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the registered office 'Prospect Chambers', 317/21, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

EFFICIENCY CLUB OF INDIA: Annual general meeting at 5-30 p.m. Conference Hall, Electric House.

MAZDAZNAN: At 6 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road, Mazdaznan Exercises Class—demonstration and explanation.

BLAVATSKY LODGE: Public meeting to celebrate "White Lotus Day" at the Besant Hall of the Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

WHITE LOTUS DAY: Public meeting, to celebrate the anniversary of the passing of Madame H. P. Blavatsky, at 6-15 p.m. at the United Lodge of Theosophists, at Jehangir Wadia Building, Opp. Flora Fountain.

BOMBAY MASHIN EMBROIDARY KARIGAR MANDAL: A general meeting of the Mandal was held at 42 Kennedy Bridge on Tuesday last under the presidentship of Mr. Molina, and the following points were discussed: The question of dearness allowance and increment of wages. The consideration of the various grievances of the workers and finding out ways and means for the redress of the same. The meeting after discussing the various aspect of the demands and the grievances was adjourned to 11th inst., at 10-30 a.m. for taking the final decision.

COMMISSIONER'S ROUND: The Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors of Ward No. 6 Bhuleshwar Market will meet near Pydhonie, Junction in Front of the Jain Temple tomorrow, Friday, at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.), to go round the Ward. The residents of the Ward who have any difficulties to bring to light are invited to be present at the appointed place and time.

FEDERATION OF INDIAN CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY: A meeting of the Committee of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry will be held today at 11-30 a.m. at the Committee Hall of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay.

TODAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, May 8.

BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kcs)—7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Jeere Khan (Gat Tora on Tabla) 8-15 Kunjalata Desai (Gujarati Geet) 9-0 Shrimatibai Narvekar (Khat). 12-0 p.m. Programme for Women (M) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Marathi Selections (Bhavgeet) 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-20 Madhavrao Tarabadkar (Khayal Vilambit and Drut Multani) 4-50 Ghalib Ki Ghazal (Ghazal) 5-0 Jeere Khan 5-15 Children's Half Hour 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Krishnalal H. Dalal (Gujarti Geet) 6-30 Madhavrao Tarabadkar (Eman) 6-50 Geet 7-0 Dattoba Tawde (Patdeep) 7-30 Gunoh Ane Shiksha—Gunahnun Manasshashtra (G) 7-45 Filmi Duniya ("Kamala") 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Ratricha Pahuna Comedy by S. A. Shukla 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Sports Review Talk by P. J. Roy 10-0 Maneck Bhagat' Pianoforte (Schumann) 10-25 Leo D'Souza: Tenor 10-40 London Sym. Orc. 10-50 Roshan Pundole: Soprano (Mendelssohn).

KARACHI, May 6. (A.P.I.): In the bye-election to the Sind Assembly from the Larkhana Mohammadan rural constituency, the Muslim League candidate Mr. Shah Murad defeated Mr. Hyderbux Jaotaoi (Independent) by 2813 to 427 votes. Mr. Jatoi lost his deposit.

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SWASTIK

Permit Sind Colleges To Stay Affiliated To Bombay

CITIZENS' COMMITTEES' PLEA TO KHER: GOVT. CONSIDERING POSITION

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The question of the Bombay University continuing to grant affiliation to Colleges in Sind despite the inauguration of a separate University for Sind is engaging the attention of the Government of Bombay.

TALKS WITH KHER

Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani, ex-Minister and Prof. N. R. Malkani, M.L.A., have been in Bombay for the last two days. They have been deputed by the "Citizens' Committee' of which Prof. Ghansham Jethanand, leader of the Congress Party in the Sind Assembly is the President, to contact the authorities in Bombay, and urge the continuation of affiliation facilities.

They met Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister of Bombay and Mr. M. C. Chagla, Vice-Chancellor of the Bombay University and explained to them the situation arising out of the enforcement of the Sind University Act. This Act has already been condemned by the Congress Party as being reactionary as the University Senate set up under it will be subject to communal and beaurocratic influences. It is felt that the new Sind University will not be able to secure to its alumni, the high standard of instruction, research and examination, which has been set up the University of Bombay. Therefore they would like Colleges in Sind to retain the previlege of being affiliated to Bombay if they so chose.

BOMBAY GOVT.'S DECISION AWAITED

There are now eleven Colleges so affiliated. Of these four being Government Colleges would 'ipso facto' go over to the new Sind University. The other Colleges are watching the situation closely and are anxiously awaiting the decision of the Bombay Government.

Explaining their stand, Prof. Malkani told a representative of the "Bombay Chronicle" that Section 35 of the Sind University Act was mandatory in its terms. It stipulated that no College in Sind shall be affiliated to a University outside Sind. If any Sind College insisted on that previlege it would have to pay a price. The price was to forfeit grants and registration and possibly also the students of these Colleges would not have the chance of obtaining employment in Government service. But in the pursuit of higher standards of education they were prepared to pay the price.

Prof. Malkani further explained that the Sind Act contained a provision for affiliation of Colleges from outside the Province. Therefore the Sind Government could not and would not, perhaps go beyond cutting off the grants to the Colleges in Sind that insisted on continuing their affiliation to Bombay. If the Bombay Government issued a notification permitting such affiliation, a number of the Sind Colleges might take advantage of the permission.

Mr. Nichaldas Vazirani summarising the attitude of Sind Hindus said that under normal conditions they would not have contemplated such a step. It was not at all pleasant nor convenient to seek affiliation with Bombay. But it was a choice between two evils and they were choosing the lesser evil.

It is understood that the Bombay Premier gave the visitors from Sind a very patient hearing and promised to do all that could possibly be done to help them. The Government, however, will have to consult the University on the one hand and the Legal Department on the other, before it can take a final decision. Its decision must, however await an official intimation from the Sind Government regarding its proposed action.

'QUAKE SHOCK RECORDED IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, May 7. (A. P. I.): An earthquake shock of moderate intensity, at its origin about 5,430 miles away, with its epicentral region apparently near latitude two degrees south and longitude 160.5 degrees east in the neighbourhood of New Ireland, was recorded by the Seismograph at the Colaba Observatory, Bombay, at 2-13 a.m., (I. S. T.) today.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL FRIDAY MORNING:—Isolated thunder-storms with very light rain are expected in the Bombay Karnatak and the southern districts of the Hyderabad State.

OUTLOOK FOR FURTHER 2 DAYS:—No appreciable change.

Hindustan Year Book

The Hindustan Year Book for 1947 maintains a high standard of a reference book containing information useful to the average publicist and citizen. It also contains a Who's Who section Published by M. C. Sarkar and Sons, College Square, Calcutta. It is priced at Rs. 3.

Shetkari Sahitya Sangh

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, May 7.

A new Company under the name of "The Shetkari Sahitya Sangh Limited" has been formed at Kalyan with an authorised capital of Rs 5,00,000.

The Shetkari Sahitya Sangh Ltd., has at present mainly confined its activities to Maharastra and hopes to extend them in the new future throughout India.

A new Marathi Weekly under the name of "Shetkari" will be started from the 1st June 1947 under the auspices of the Company.

CHILDREN'S HOLIDAY READING ROOM

The Bombay Presidency Women's Council has again for the fourth time organisetd Children's Holiday Reading Room at the Wilson College. The response from the children has been very good and the session is proving to be a great success. Children have been attending in large numbers and have been making full use of the opportunity provided for them.

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A RAJNI Release.

FINED FOR FALSE COMPLAINT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A fine of Rs. 40 was imposed on one Haji Alarakhya, a complainant in a case by Mr. J. M. Barrot, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, yesterday for lodging a false case of criminal assault against Madhav Krishna Vichare, a landlord, and thereby causing the wrongful arrest of the latter. The accused was acquitted by the Magistrate.

The complainant alleged that on October 23 last, while he was standing at the entrance of Habib Market at Haines Road, he was attacked by the accused by throwing chilly powder in his face. The accused was further alleged to have hurled a big knife at him which caused a cut on his back.

Subsequent medical examination of the complainant failed to prove his charge and agreeing with the defence plea that it was a false complaint brought against the accused on account of personal enmity against him, the Magistrate sentenced the complainant as above and acquitted the accused.

Mr. Premchand Lalani appeared for the accused.

State Medical Faculty Bombay

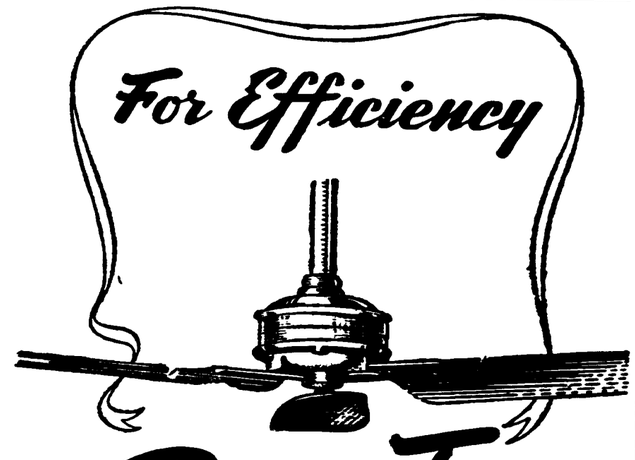
RESULT OF FINAL L.M.P. EXAM.

The following candidates have passed the Final L.M.P. Examination held in April 1947:—

1 2 4 5 10 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 26 28 29 31 38 39 44 45 46 48 51 54 55 59 63 64 65 67 73 75 79 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 93 94 96 98 99 101 102 104 105 106 109 111 115 117 118 121.

The percentage of passed is 49.6 per cent.

No. 65 stands first in order of merit.



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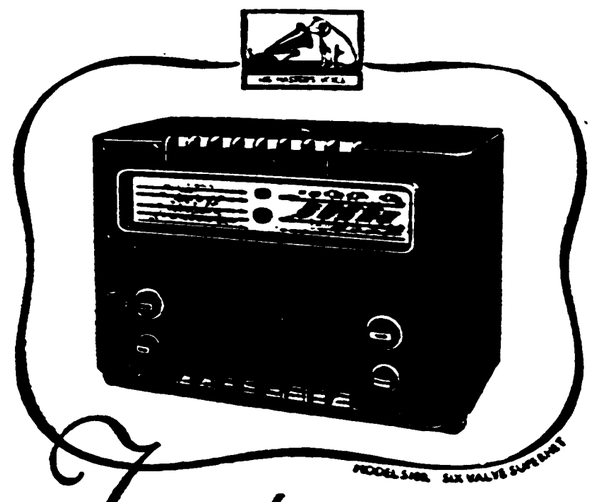

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, May 7 (API.) The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1-t April 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8-0 hours I S T on Wednesday the 7th May 1947:—

Ahmedabad 105 77 0 1.0 plus 0.9 Allahabad 97 73 0 .1 minus 0.1 Baroda 105 71 0 3.3—Belgaum 98 67 0 1.0 minus 0.6 Bombay 89 78 0 2.5 plus 2.5 Calcutta 95 81 0 1.4 minus 1.4 Delhi Nil Gwalior 95 76 0 0.2—Hyderabad (Dn.) 103 78 0 0.4 minus 1.3 Hyderabad (Sd) 110 77 0 0 Karachi 88 75 0 0 minus 0.1 Lahore 97 0 0 0 minus 0.6 Madras 94 81 0 1.0 plus 0.4 Mahableshwar 89 69 0 7.0 plus 5.6 Poona 108 69 0 1.2 plus 0.5 Simla 61 51 0 1.7 minus 0.3 Surat 93 76 0 5.9 plus 5.8

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

History reveals to us how wars cannot be avoided, so long as justice is not practised by man to man, by state to state and unless we accept the principle that the weak have rights against the strong.

—Sir S. Radhakrishnan.

The Bombay Chronicle

CENTRAL GOVT. AND ART

During the dark period of our political subjugation India lost a vast bulk of her art treasures, manuscripts and other valuable objects, and now when she is on the verge of regaining power, she should logically reclaim from foreign countries her old rightful possessions. It is gratifying to note that the popular Government at the Centre has not only provided, in the Antiquities (Export Control) Bill passed by the Central Legislative Assembly, stronger safeguards against further exports, but has also started negotiations with the Secretary of State for India for the recovery of antiquities which are in possession of the India Office. Britain should return to India what belongs to the latter and should also support her in a similar demand if made by her on any other country. While replying to the debate in the Central Assembly on the Antiquities (Export Control) Bill, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Member for Education and Arts, gave an assurance that the Government would contact other countries also in the same connection as soon as diplomatic relations were established with them. Since diplomatic relations with America—a country which has been a flourishing market for the trade in Indian antiquities, have been already established, we wonder why a demand should not have been made on that country by this time for the return of India's available old possessions. In our opinion the Government should work out in co-operation with experts a comprehensive plan to trace the literary and cultural treasures to the different countries and should also start negotiations with the authorities concerned for the recovery of available manuscripts and other treasures from Germany and other countries under the influence of the Allied Governments. It should, at the same time, request private collectors in India to place their collections at the disposal of the nation.

Besides taking steps for the recovery of antiquities from Britain to start with and for the prevention of their further exports, the Government of India has accepted in principle, the proposal for the establishment of a National Museum whose capital cost is estimated to be one crore of rupees. A central museum like this is, no doubt, a necessity, but it will not satisfy all the requirements of the country. The Government should evolve a scheme for the establishment of smaller, regional and specialised museums wherever they are needed. Let us bring to its notice the fact that museums—both new and old—should be organised in such a way that they should function as repositories of industrial designs and play their maximum role in the education of artists and designers and in the training of the people in appreciation of the traditional arts and crafts of their country. In its popular sense the term museum connotes an institution intended for the collection and exhibition of the examples of pictorial and plastic arts and crafts only; but in future museum of importance must have a section of music and dance. If the Government is keen to recover, from foreign countries, cultural treasures of India, it should not ignore the urgency of recording the authentic technique of classical music and dance of the various schools from their living repositories—the hereditary masters. Dhruvapad and Alap—the old and difficult forms of classical music—are left with a limited circle of exponents and patrons. Hereditary masters and a few life-time votaries have held the authentic technique of the different traditional schools of dance as a sacred trust in face of the growing popularity of the sophisticated current trends in the hands of influential amateurs and the so-called modernists. A couple of instances like these should suffice to stress the need for preserving dance and music of high standards in museums through the various mediums of recording.

We understand that the proposal adopted by the Central Advisory Board of Education in its meeting held in Bombay in January last for the establishment of a National Cultural Trust is under examination by the Government of India. The trust, as envisaged by the Board, should have a preponderant non-official element and should function through the machinery of three academies. In this respect we feel that the Government should exercise extreme care and caution before handling any project of such magnitude and should refrain, in particular, from going in for any hasty commitment. Any institution founded with the lofty object of the cultural regeneration of India should be thoroughly democratic in constitution. It should be fully representative of every province and important State and of every interest which it would be called upon to look after. The Government should not rest satisfied, for the selection of the personnel of any committee or institution, with the names which are suggested by the officials or which happen to be in the limelight, but should endeavour to find out, from various provinces, persons of experience and abilities. The Government should not walk into the lobby of any influential group or cliques of provincialists or self-styled leaders in the sphere of art. It will not be irrelevant to recall herein that the attempts made for some time past, by the All-India Fine Arts and Crafts Society of New Delhi to usurp the status of a central body were foiled, in time, by its own invitees to an art conference convened by itself at New Delhi in March last and that the conference decided by a majority to launch a movement for the formation of an independent and duly representative central body. We regret that the Government has, in the midst of its pre-occupations with the long-range projects like the National Museum and National Trust, not yet fixed definite standards of various arts and to formulate and announce a sound policy with respect to the day-to-day administration of art. It is reported that Maulana Azad has invited some experts to meet him in connection with the National Trust. We trust, if the report be true, that the Government has also invited persons well-known in the art world of Bombay? Bombay has had sad experience in connection with a few recent events. Injustice was done to the artists of this province in the organisation of the Indian section of the U.N.E.S.C.O. exhibition held in Paris and to Bombay as a whole in the appointment of the Indian Committee for the purposes of the Royal Academy's exhibition of Indian art to be held in winter. Bombay is a major art province of India. It has its own traditions and trends of art and has its own art societies, school of art and cultural institutions; and as such it should be considered to be perfectly justified in demanding adequate representation in the National Museum, National Trust and Academies and on the committees of experts whenever appointed by the Government of India for the purpose of promotion of art. Every other province should likewise expect a fair deal from the popular Government.

Gandhi-Jinnah Talks

Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. Jinnah met again at New Delhi on Tuesday after a long interval. They had a heart-to-heart talk on the two questions which today exercise the minds and hearts of all Indians—the question of division of India and the prevailing communal tension in the country. They parted, having agreed to differ on the first question. The difference between the views of the two leaders on this question has, as was feared, proved to be irreconcilable. On the question of the prevailing communal tension there could be no difference between the two and, according to the agreed statement about the talks issued by Jinnah, they have both come to the conclusion that they must do their best in their respective spheres to see that the joint appeal recently issued by them is acted upon and that they will make every effort for this purpose. The maintenance of peace is the duty of every Indian and we hope the efforts of the two leaders will be supported by every Hindu and Muslim and the various Congress and League Committees in all nooks and corners of the country will give due publicity to the joint appeal and do every thing they can to prevent the outbreak of violence.

Frankly Speaking

Imperialism In E. Africa

The British are, we have no doubt, sincere in their plans to quit India and Burma. "But they are still far from desiring to liquidate British imperialism, however much Labour leaders who, today, constitute the Government decry against it in, and more so, out of office. There is no difference in the attitude, for instance, towards the so-called British colonies in Africa. In fact, in certain cases, the Labour Government has given an exhibition of imperialism worthy of Tory die-hards. It surrendered to East African 'Europeans" that is, to British settlers on the subject of representation to such an extent as to ensure and consolidate "European" hegemony over Kenya as also Uganda and Tanganyika. The deliberate injustice done to Africans, Indians and Arabs is a denial not only of the rights of these peoples and of their own democratic professions but also of the United Nations from which they derive at least one of the territories as "Trust."

A Serious Challenge

But that is not all. Other efforts are also being simultaneously made to make East Africa safe for exploitation and possession by the white settlers of Kenya and elsewhere. The existing Immigration regulations are bad enough. They are to be reinforced by more drastic regulations as part of the measures contemplated by the Colonial Office to enable the exploitation of East Africa as one territory. Mr. Dawood Hajee Nasser, President of the East Africa and Overseas Merchants' Chamber, who has just returned from East Africa, draws attention to all these measures to suppress Africans and keep Indians out for the benefit of white settlers. The injustice to Indians is all the more intolerable because, as Mr. Nasser points out, it is Indians and India that have played a predominant part in the industrial and economic progress of East Africa and its present prosperity is largely due to Indian initiative and enterprise. In fact, the first Britisher to go there was an officer sent by the then Indian Government to protect the interests of Indian merchants as British subjects. Instead of protecting Indians he paved the way for his countrymen to despoil them! The danger to Indians and their interests in East Africa is, we agree, a serious British challenge. And we commend Mr. Nasser's appeal to the Interim Government to take urgent notice of it.

Bhulabhai Desai

On Tuesday last there was observed the first anniversary of the death of one of the most illustrious sons not only of Bombay, not only of the Province but also of India. For Bhulabhai Desai unquestionably belonged to the rank of great Indians. His genius had many glittering facets. As a lawyer he attained eminence in a bar famous in Indian legal history for its great figures But; even more, he was a great parliamentarian and patriot. His achievements in those fields had been striking and by themselves entitled him to a high place in India's history. But he capped them all with his historic and brilliant defence in the famous trial of the three I.N.A. officers. In that defence, which vindicated the right of rebellion against foreign subjection, he shone as a unique combination of the great lawyer and the great patriot. He won and in the winning gave his life to it. Bhulabhai's memory would live in the history both of India and of the struggle for freedom.

Gurkhas And India

The other day a gallant British M.P. made the impertinent suggestion in the House of Commons that the Gurkha race owed allegiance to the British Crown. He is a Tory and has naturally not parted yet with the Imperialist habit of thought so that he could not remember that the Gurkha race owes allegiance to the independent kingdom of Nepal. Another reason for his lapse was that he could not reconcile himself to the thought of Gurkhas standing in the same relation to the new Government of India as they did to Britain's Indian Government. The Tories know just about as much of Gurkha sentiments as does Mr Winston Churchill of the sentiments of the Indian masses. And they cannot realise that Gurkhas and Indians are bound by better and more intimate ties than the Gurkhas and the British. Nepal has, however, given such Tories the answer in the reported agreement between that country and India on the subject of the recruitment of Gurkhas in the Indian army. No one but British imperialists could even have imagined that Nepal would be reluctant to allow the Gurkhas to serve in the Indian army or that India would be reluctant to recruit them according to its needs or that the present Gurkha troops would be left high and dry when power was transferred to India. The reported agreement is no more than could have been assumed. There is one aspect of the reported agreement, which has been arrived at in a tripartite conference between Nepal, India and Britain, which is not clear. Recruitment of Gurkhas is to be permitted and continued for the British army. Where will they be trained and stationed?

THREE KILLED IN MINE EXPLOSION

First Disaster Since Labour Govt. Took Over Ownership

BRANSLEY, (England), May 7 (A. P. A.): At least three miners were killed to-day in an explosion in Barnsley's biggest coal mine.

Another six miners were missing and believed killed by the blash which, first reports from the mine said, was due to a short circuit in an electricity line.

Twenty-five injured men were taken to hospitals and two of them were reported to be in a serious condition.

It was the first disaster in British mines since the Government took over their ownership on January 1.

BOMBAY SHOP-ASSISTANTS' FEDERATION

With reference to an article appearing in the official organ of the Socialist Party.

The General Secretary of the Bombay Shop Assistants' Federation writes that the Gumasta Maha Mandal does not subscribe to any party politics. It has successfully avoided entering the blind lanes of "isms" and party politics so far and it is not going to enter the same either now or in future. The Federation stands for general upliftments of the shop assistants living conditions, for the recognition of their fundamental civic rights and for their social and economical development

Anybody trying to drag the Gumastas in the vicious orbit of the present day party politics will be doing a definite disservice to the case of the Gumastas".

VINOBA'S APPEAL TO TEMPLE TRUSTEES

PANDHARPUR, May 7 (UPI.) The trustees of the Vithoba Mandir, Pandharpur, have received the following telegram from Mr. Vinoba Bhave: "Entreat you to open the Vithoba Temple for Harijans. It will be a meritorious act and you will get peoples' blessings"

Bombay's Housing Problem

It Is Being Tackled In The Wrong Way

(By Prof. M. B. RANE)

There is no doubt that the housing problem in Bombay has become very acute. The remedy suggested by the Government—the building of more houses—will mean only a temporary relief but will not solve the main problem. The population of Bombay is fast increasing, and the shortage of housing accommodation is the natural consequence. To get over the difficulty it is proposed to build more houses. This in turn will bring in fresh influx from outside and again there would be shortage. We would thus be moving in a vicious circle

Lessons Of War

The best remedy is to delimit the expanse of the city and not to allow it to become over-big and try to decentralize it, so that not only its housing problem, but the other equally important problems of sanitation, water supply, transport, etc. may become manageable. One wonders why the last two wars should not have taught us the simple lesson that it is inadvisable to have very big cities. In times of war, the bigger the city, the easier its distruction, offering as it does an easy target to the bomb. The dislocation of the entire traffic can easily be brought about by the enemy in the case of bigger cities than in the case of smaller towns.

Again, our experience tells us, that even in peace times, the life of a big city can easily be paralysed by strikes of the essential services such as sanitation, transport, etc. But the greatest difficulty in the case of very big cities is the efficient maintenance of its water supply, and sanitation. The population of Bombay has now become 24 lakhs, and the water supply has consequently become inadequate. There is a cry all round for more water and thousands of those staying on the upper floors have to get up at 3 a.m. to store water for the day. There is, therefore, a project before the municipality for the construction of another reservoir. But at the rate at which we are going on the population will soon become 40 lakhs. What then? More reservoirs and more water? Again the vicious circle would appear. Granting that the municipality goes on building more reservoirs, what if for two years the monsoons fail, and there is no rain? Has the municipality ever thought of that emergency? And yet it is not an impossibility.

Decentralisation Necessary

India lives in villages, and its prosperity depends upon the development of those villages. But what are we doing in that direction? Practically nothing! On the other hand, we are expanding cities like Bombay, Poona and Ahmedabad and thus attracting to them the simple people of the villages. And why should they be not so attracted when they can get good wages and better amenities of life there than in their villages?

Then again, trade and commerce attract to the big cities, merchants, business men, bankers and other enterprising persons, all of whom come with their families and paraphernalia. The result of this big influx is the Greater Bombay, with its inadequate water supply, inefficient sanitary arrangements—particularly in the suburbs—overcrowded trains, trams and buses, unhygienic schools and its slums. All these are the natural concomittants of a big city. Surely, the building of houses alone is not going to remove all these evils. On the contray, it will accentuate some of them. Building of thousands of new houses would, in its turn, mean consumption of millions of more gallons of water, and added service for the conservancy department.

To relieve the tension, houses have no doubt to be built immediately, but in the long range plan that by itself will not solve the main problem. The chief aim should be to stop the further expansion of the city, so as to limit its population at the most to its present high level, and then proceed to provide for its needs. How to do that is the question? I can only make suggestions for what they are worth

No More Large Industries

The first step is to see that no more licenses and permits are granted to start big-scale industries, mills, factories, joint stock companies, banks, etc. in the city of Bombay. Then some of the Government offices and departments should be shifted out of Bombay. All these and the other new activities should be located away from Bombay at places such as Palgarh, Neral, Deolali and others. Government should give all facilities to business men and other enterprising persons to start new works, factories and mills at such places, and arrange for supplying lands, electric power, transport facilities, etc. In short, new small cities should be created round about Bombay, with their own separate and independent municipalities and local boards. In this way, scope will be given to the present population of the city to spread itself over a wider area and at different centres. Any fresh influx from outside will also tend to go to the new cities.

Reconstruct The Villages

The second and perhaps the more important step to be taken is to reconstruct the villages in the presidency and modernise them by making provision for good housing system, for roads, water, sanitation, medical help and also for the supply of electric power to give scope for the development of cottage industries. If these and the other simple amenities of life are made available in the villages no particular incentive would be left for the simple village folk to leave their healthy homes and flock in such large numbers to the congested localities in Bombay, to work in mills and factories and finally to die premature deaths.

ANTI-INDIAN MOVE FRUSTRATED

House Of Assembly Turns Down Motion To Stop Entry Into Cape Town

CAPE TOWN, May 6

When the House of Assembly resumed the debate on the motion by Mr. P. C. Erasmus (Nationalist) that the Government should take immediate steps to put a stop to Indian penetration into the urban, village and rural areas of Cape Province through acquisition of land by Indians or otherwise, Mr. P. O. Sauer (Nationalist) said that South Africa's problem, both nationally and internationally was due only to Indian penetration.

APPEASEMENT ATTEMPTS

Mr. C Neate (Dominion Party) said that the Indian community in South Africa would continue penetration as "steadily, relentlessly and remorselessly" as they had done in the past and all attempts at appeasement would be in vain. The question of Indian penetration was one which concerned not only the Union but also East Africa.

Captain W D. Hare (United Party) said that at a sale he attended in Simonstown all the five properties offered had been bought by Indians.

In view of the present tension between Indians and South Africa, he felt that there had been a strategic object in this purchase. Indians looked far ahead. Indians bought properties far in excess of the normal prices. Something had to be done to stop this penetration as "we are in danger of becoming an Indian province".

The Prime Minister, Field Marshal Smuts, said that he did not feel that the arguments used in support of Mr. Erasmus's motion and the cases mentioned warranted any such step as Mr. Erasmus contemplated.

His warning last year still held good. If a case was made out that there had been large-scale transfers of property by Europeans to Indians in an area of European character, there would be some justification for legislation but no such case had been made out.

"The whole position is so vague and so uncertain that I do not think we would be wise to take such action —I do not think it would be justified".

The leader of the Opposition, Dr D. F. Malan, said that the general feeling of the House was against the views expressed by the Prime Minister. All voices, including those of the United Party members, were against the viewpoint of the Prime Minister. On the facts no doubt existed among the members.

Replying to the debate Mr. Erasmus said that Field Marshal Smuts was either unaware of the true position in the Cape or unintercsted. Mr. Erasmus said that he would be satisfied with the appointment of a Commission to inquire to what extent the problem existed in the Cape.

Mr. Erasmus's motion was rejected by 67 votes to 47.

Pattabhi Warns Nizam

Transfer Of Berar Will Be Resisted To Last Man

"It Can Only Depend Upon Will Of People Freely Expressed"

MADRAS, May 7 (APA). "I have no doubt that the moment the Nizam of Hyderabad declares his independence, the 8,500,000 Andhras will declare their right to go to Andhradesa and become absorbed in the province," Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Working President of the All-India States Peoples' conference, declared here today.

Dr. Pattabhi also said that the 4,500,000 Maharashtras and 3,500,000 Kanarese would prefer to join the future Maharashtra and Karnataka provinces respectively.

Dr. Pattabhi was interviewed by the Associated Press of America on a recent press interview given by Sir Walter Monckton, Constitutional Adviser to the Nizam.

Asked to express his views on Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer's declaration that Travancore will become independent, Sir Monckton is reported to have replied that an answer to that question "came very near to revealing" his advice relating to Hyderabad.)

Referring to this, Dr. Pattabhi said, it did not follow from what Sir Walter Monckton said that his (Sir Walter's) advice would be in favour of independence for Hyderabad State.

"It is our fears and prejudices" he said, "that interpret terse statements of great lawyers and politicians. I have heard a good deal of Sir Walter Monckton and a friend suggested to me that if opportunity arises, I should not fail to meet him."

NIZAM'S PROBLEMS

"The Nizam has several problems," the Doctor continued. "For one thing he badly wants a port and he wants to build a corridor from Goa to Masulipatam, just a short distance of 560 miles and ensconce himself within a well-delimited territory stretching from the east to the west coast. His anxiety for a Port also may be associated with his desire for independence. His independence following the ending of Paramountcy also his independence, of means People."

Dr. Pattabhi also declared that the Andhras, the Maharashtras and the Kanarese would declare their right to go to their respective provinces if the Nizam declared himself independent. He added:

"That however does not depend upon the advice of lawyers. It can only depend upon the will of the people fresh expressed.

"I am still hoping that Sir Walter Monckton is against the independence of Hyderabad.

RENDITION OF BERAR

On the requestion of rendition of Berar, Dr. Pattabhi said that the Nizam had been consulting his lawyers since 1933 on the question of ports as well as Berar. "These again are dependent upon the will of the people and not dependent upon the will of the princes."

"Princes especially monied princes like all wealthy men, are apt to think that there is nothing on earth which they cannot purchase with money, but there are certain things they cannot secure however big the price they may offer."

"The heart of a nation and the heart of a woman," Dr. Pattabhi declared, "must be won by means other than money."

"Therefore, let the Nizam not think," he warned, "that Berar is a football that can be kicked from goal to goal by a powerful player nor does the treaty relating to Berar, preceding the Government of India Act, provide for any such mechanical transfer as of goods or chattel. I have more than once said that such transfer will be resisted to the last man and to the last drop of blood."

Narbada-Tapti Projects

Central Govt.'s Move For Extensive Utilisation Of Water Resources

BOMBAY, May 7. (A.P.I.): Work on the multi-purpose development of the Narbada and Tapti Rivers in the Bombay Presidency on the lines of the Tennesse Valley authority and the utilisation of the water resources of the Province will soon be taken up by the Central Government in co-operation with the Government of Bombay This was revealed by Mr. G. H. Bhabha, Member for Works, Mines and Powers, Government of India in an interview to the Associated Press of India today.

Mr. Bhabha who is leaving for Delhi tomorrow said that this was the first time the Government of India had given any serious attention to the problems of an extensive utilisation of water resources in the country Apart from this scheme the Central Government, Mr. Bhabha said were also giving attention to three other major irrigation the Kosi, Mahanadi and the Damodar projects—which were at present in various stages of development.

Mr. Bhabha felt confident that when the Narbada-Tapti projects was complete, the benefits accuring to Bombay Presidency and in particular to Surat and Broach Districts would be immense. Vast areas hitherto uncultivated, he said, would soon be brought under perennial irrigation.

A major feature of the multi-purpose scheme, Mr Bhabha stated was "flood protection" which would save a large part of the province from destruction caused annually by floods. A large amount of Hydro-electric power would also be used for the purpose of introducing modern methods of agriculture and promotion of new industries. Alternative and cheaper modes of transport and a greater flow of trade in the country side would result from the rivers being made navigable.

Mr Bhabha said that the Government of Bombay who were keenly interested in the project had placed one of their senior officers at the disposal of the Central Government to formulate and execute plans.

EGYPT DEMANDS SUEZ CANAL SHARES

Sterling Debt Talks To Begin In London On July 1

CAIRO, May 7 (I.P.A.): The Anglo-Egyptian negotiations regarding Egypt's blocked Sterling accounts will open in London on July 1.

The Egyptian delegation will be led by Mahmond El Darwiche Bey, Finance Under-Secretary of State.

The Egyptian Government again expressed the opinion to the British Government that no reduction in Britain's sterling debt will be accepted by Egyptian negotiators. Despite persistent denials in London, Egypt has asked for Suez Canal shares in payment of British debt. Well-informed circles in Cairo confirm the correctness of the news.

It is maintained this suggestion was put forward last March at the time of the British Treasury Delegation's visit here.

Move To End Political Stalemate In Kashmir

SRINAGAR, May 7 (UPI.) The decision to approach the Kashmir Premier, Pandit Ramachandra Kak and others to explore ways and means of ending the present political stalemate in the State" was taken at a meeting of the Citizens Committee last evening.

A Sub-Committee of seven persons was appointed in this behalf to contact both the Government and the National Conference leaders.

INDIAN HOCKEY TEAM WINS IN CEYLON

COLOMBO, May 6 (API.) The Indian hockey Federations XI, selected to represent India in the forthcoming Olympics at London, now on a tour of India and Ceylon, today trounced a Ceylon Hockey Association XI by eleven goals to one. A. Aziz their inside-left, scored six of them. The Indians were superior in all departments of the game and the local side was no match for them. However the Ceylonese made gallant efforts to reduce the margin and, but for the poor finishing efforts of their forwards, might have scored a couple of goals more.

Towards the end of the match there was a tense struggle when the Indians tried unsuccessfully to bring their tally to twelve.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

PARIS, May 6: America's "Truman doctrine" prompted the French Premier, M. Paul Ramadier, to force the Communists out of the French Government, an authoritative source declared to-day . . .

Officials of the American Embassy are drawing up a detailed report on what sort of assistance the French regime will need

— Reuter

* * *

In the statement made after his meeting with Gandhiji Mr. Jinnah says "We discussed two matters."

The impossibilities of the one and the possibilities of the other

* * *

"Whereas says Mr Jinnah explaining further, "in my opinion not only is Pakistan inevitable, but is the only practical solution of India's political problem.

Another blow to Mr H. S. Suhrawardy's brilliant solution and his reserved judgment.

* * *

Reuter learns from informed quarters in Baghdad that trade relations between India and Iraq will be re-established on a solid basis as a result of the visit of the Indian Trade Delegation to Iraq.

On the basis of Mr. M. A.H. Ispahani's official hours or "spare time"?

* * *

Says Mr H. S Suhrawardy. "Now that the warped and unholy interest in Noakhali has subsided to some extent, I would like to make an appeal to all concerned for goodwill on both sides....."

The introductory words are, we are sure, most conducive to the effectiveness of Mr Suhrawardy's earnest and sincere appeal.

* * *

Master Tara Singh is reported to have disclosed at Lahore that the impression that he gained from high Government quarters (in New Delhi) was that the Sikhs had been conceded the right of communal veto, which had been left out from the Cabinet Mission's scheme by some oversight

What WAS he talking about? We want clarification

* * *

Officials of the South African Jute Controllers Office wistfuly wish that the report of millions of Indian grain bags being imported into South Africa "was true." "We would like millions of them" they state, "Efforts are being made to procure the bags wherever available but so far few have materialised."

Most unfortunate, and even more reprehensible of India. But we are sure they can do with the gas bags of White Christian civilisation.

* * *

Dr. Oldwenger a Jewish delegate to the Inter-Asian Conference has pleaded before a Bombay audience that "Palestine is only a very small portion of the Arab world and a Jewish home there can never constitute a threat to the Arab nation."

So would it never constitute a threat to say, Australia or North America.

So how about approaching Truman or Chuffley?

Italy Applies For U.N.O. Membership

ROME, May 7 (Reuter): The Italian Government today sent a letter to M. Trygve Lie General Secretary of the United Nations, asking for admission as a member state, an Italian Foreign Office spokesman said here tonight.

The Italian Ambassadors in London, Washington, Paris and Moscow have been instructed to inform "the Big Four" Governments a ccordingly. been instructed to inform the Big

Hungary—the first ex-enemy state to do so—last week applied for admission to the United Nations.

Laying Foundation Of Future Wars?

Congress And Sikhs Are Making Pakistan Not Worth Having, Says Noon

LAHORE, May 7 (A. P. I.): "The Muslims have done their utmost to prevent the Sikhs from committing political suicide. But the more we try to win them over, the more their leaders push the path into the Congress lap", says Mr. Feroz Khan Noon in a statement.

He adds that the Muslims must now cry halt specially after Master Tara Singh's statement. If they divide the Land of Five Rivers with its common irrigation system, they are laying the foundation of future wars. The Congress, realising that a division of India is inevitable, is now using every device to make Pakistan not worth having.

Mr. Noon examines the Sikh suggestion that Ambala Division, Jullundur Division and Amritsar District should form a separate State. He says that the suggestion involves the tearing of 38½ lakhs of Muslims from Pakistan and separation of 20½ lakhs of Sikhs from the 17½ lakhs. Mr Noon expresses the hope that if new elections are held in the Punjab a new party will arise among the Sikhs supporting a United Punjab.

Mr. Noon continues. "If it is a fact that Muslims and Hindus must have political power to serve their people in their respective areas, then we must provide a homeland for 94 lakhs of Muslims in U P With cultural ties with Delhi and Aligarh spiritual loyalties to Ajmer, the obvious solution for the Muslims in U. P is to be concentrated in a province centred round Delhi. This province will be federated with Pakistan."

Mr. Noon adds that he is inclined to believe that Adivasi tribesmen of Bihar will want to federate with Muslims of Bengal and not with Hindus of Bihar If a plebiscite of Adibasis is held, their verdict will be clear The Adibasis eat beef and bury their dead and are as far from Caste Hinduism as Islam or Christianity.

Transfer Of Power Before June '48?

LONDON SPECULATIONS ABOUT MOUNTBATTEN'S SUGGESTION TO WHITEHALL

LONDON, May 7 (UPI): A suggestion that complete transfer of power to the Indian hands should be made earlier than June, 1948 is understood to have been made by Lord Mountbatten, Viceroy of India, in his report to the British Cabinet conveyed through his Principal Adviser, Lord Ismay.

Although Whitehall circles maintain complete reticence, competent observers usually credited with knowledge of official mind seem to be openly expressing this impression.

Another point that seems to be emerging out of the present high-level discussions here on India is the line of argument on which the Whitehall is explicit, namely the admission that day has passed when Britain could make awards or impose policies and procedure for India's constitutional issues.

It is, however, being emphasised that the Cabinet Mission's Plan of May 16 is still the sheet-anchor for all British plans for India.

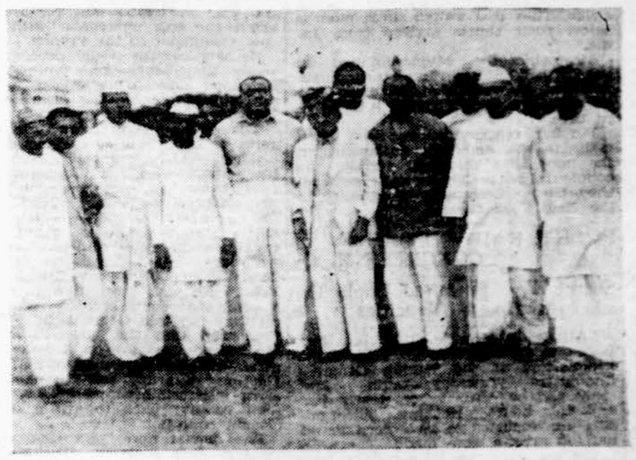
While nothing authoritative is yet known about Lord Ismay's report, it is being generally discounted that there is any favourable disposition towards Mr. Jinnah's latest stand. The impression is being given that Lord Ismay's report conveys Lord Mountbatten's suggestion for handing over power earlier than the thirteen months with alternative procedures for different solutions of communal problems.

That the Constituent Assembly should be empowered to decide the future form of India's Government for all Provinces was the opinion expressed by Mr. Fenner Brockway, Chairman of the British Centre for Colonial Freedom, in an interview to the "United Press of India" today.

Mr. Brockway said: "We would urge on His Majesty's Government (1) that between now and June, 1948, the existing Government of India should be treated as a 'de facto' independent Government with full powers, in which the Viceroy's place shall correspond to that of the Governor-General in any of the Dominions and (2) that it should be made indisputably clear that the Constituent Assembly, membership of which is open to all sections of the people of India, is fully empowered to decide the future form of India's Government for all Provinces (present or revised) and the States whose people accept this authority".

Mr. Brockway added that neither the Cabinet Mission's original proposals, nor the Viceroy's veto should be used to set limits to that power

Royal Commission on the Press in Session at the Cabinet Offices (left to right) Mr. J. B. Priestley, Sir David Ross, Chairman and Miss Nunn, Secretary.



Representatives of States who have joined the Constituent Assembly.

PUNITIVE FINE OF 30 LAKHS ON RAWALPINDI MUSLIMS

"Commission Of Offences Prejudicial To Law And Peace"

LAHORE, May 7.

The Governor of the Punjab has imposed a collective fine of rupees thirty lakhs on the Muslims of the entire Rawalpindi District—the worst riot affected district in the province—excluding the area within (1) the Municipal and cantonment limits of Rawalpindi and (2) the Municipal limits of Gujarkhan, it is officially announced.

Announcing the imposition of the collective fine the order states: "The Provincial Government is satisfied that the inhabitants of the rural area of Rawalpindi District have been since third March, 1947, concerned in the commission of offences and other acts which are prejudicial to the maintenance of law and order.

The following have been exempted from the fine:

(A) Non-Muslims,

(B) Women not owning immovable property,

(C) Males under 18 years of age not owning immovable property,

(D) Inhabitants of revenue estates certified by the District Magistrate to have taken no part in the disturbances,

(E) Persons certified by the District Magistrate to have given active help to non-Muslims or to the authorities during the disturbances,

(F) Employees of the Central or the Punjab Government, including employees of the North Western Railway, and employees of local authorities certified by the District Magistrate to have remained on duty and not to have taken part in or connived at the disturbances and

(G) Persons certified by the District Magistrate to be deserving of exemption on other grounds.

The Governor of the Punjab has forfeited to His Majesty the book entitled "Rape of Rawalpindi" which mainly consists of a collection of photographs of damaged houses and injured persons in Rawalpindi Division.

The book was published by Mr. Prabhod Chandra M.L.A. Secretary (Complaints Section) of the Punjab Riot Sufferers Relief Committee, Lahore.

The book, according to the forfeiture order, "promotes and is intended to promote feelings of enmity or hatred between different classes of His Majesty's subjects".

Giani Kartar Singh, President of the Shiromani Akali Dal, the Premier Sikh Organisation and Sardar Ujjal Singh, member of the Constituent Assembly, met the Governor of the Punjab this evening at Government House. The interview lasted one and half hours.

It is learnt that the question of the partition of the Punjab and the relief measures for the riot sufferers in the western district of the province were discussed at the meeting.

FRONTIER INCIDENTS

PESHAWAR, May 7 (A. P. I.): A country bomb is reported to have been thrown at a house in one locality here last night. The bomb did not explode.

A passenger train leaving Peshawar was detained for about an hour by some demonstrators. A body was found lying under the railway bridge in Garhi Mawazkhan in Kohat.

Some shots between the police and raiders were exchanged on the night of May 5 at village Kakki in Bannu District. No casualties have been reported.

Telephone wires were cut between Kakki and Bannu the same day.

At Nowshera, a bomb exploded in a local court causing slight damage to the wall and two doors.

In Hazara, the curfew has been extended along with prohibitory orders under Section 144 for another 15 days.

Some telephone wires were cut near Mansnara on the night of May 5.

The Deputy Commissioner, Hazara has imposed collective fines of Rs. on villages in Tehsil Mansnara for cutting telegraph line.

A 'communique' issued by the Frontier Government this afternoon says: "One person was found murdered under the railway bridge at Kohat yesterday.

"Some shots were fired in the village of Kakki in Bannu District on Monday night. Police returned the fire; there was no casualty. The telegraphic wire between Kakki and Bannu was also cut that night.

"In the first 10 days of the disturbances in D. I. Khan District (from April 15 to April 25) 180 persons were killed and 81 injured. Thirteen members of the police forces sustained injuries including a Superintendent of Police and an Assistant Superintendent of Police.

Nine hundred and sixty shops and houses were burnt or looted during the disturbances from April 15 to April 25 in D. I. Khan City and Cantonment, according to unofficial reports received here to-day. The number of casualties here is 19 killed and 45 injured.

In D. I. Khan (Saddar Sub-Division) the total number of persons killed was 79 and those injured 28.

In Tank Sub-Division comprising seven villages 23 persons were killed while eight were injured.

In tank alone about four hundred shops and houses were burnt or looted while in Kulachi the number of houses and shops burnt or looted was 167.

TWO BATCHES OF HINDUS ARRESTED

NEW DELHI, May 7 (A.P.I.): Ten orthodox Hindus were arrested this morning under Sec. 88 Cr. P. C. for staging a demonstration in front of Sardar Patel's residence. They shouted slogans demanding representation in the Constituent Assembly and stoppage of cow slaughter. Another batch of five was arrested in front of the Viceroy's House.

CALCUTTA: The Government of Bengal has forfeited the security deposit of Rs. 2,000 of the "Bharat", a vernacular daily of Calcutta, under the Indian Press Emergency Act for the publication of an article in the issue of the paper dated April 7, containing words which, it is alleged, tended to bring Government into hatred. The paper has further been directed to deposit a fresh security of Rs. 5,000.

ALLAHABAD: The U.P. Governor has issued an order under the Negotiable Instruments Act that the days on which 24-hour holidays for courts should be public within the areas, and offices situated of continued im-

DACCA: In view of the situation, the Disprovement in has reduced the trict Magistrate by three. It will now hours of curfew between 9 p.m. and 6 be enforced a.m. instead of 7 p.m. and 7 a.m. as hitherto.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

Plans for the division of Bombay have been secretly made, so we understand from our most unreliable sources.

According to this plan the area known as Malabar Hill is to be handed over to the Parsis on religious grounds.

The area known as Dalal Street is to be held in trust for Banias and Marwaris jointly, their heirs and descendants on a joint family basis.

The area of Mohamed Ali Road is given over to Muslims for obvious reasons, it being the market for pots and pans.

The area of Bandra and Santa Cruz is to be turned into a Colony of Portuguese India, it being clearly understood that its residents will not violate the prohibition laws of Greater Bombay.

Colaba Causeway is to be earmarked for descendants of the East India Co., its heirs and antecedents (whatever that may mean) and a flight of "What-mun-No-mun" dancing schools and classes is shortly expected to be moving in this direction.

The area of the former R.W.I.T.C. is to be given over (with sovereign powers) to the "Nation" (whatever that may mean) to be held in trust for Home-Members, future Home-Members and displaced Home-Members.

The Union Government of Greater Bombay will hold all other unapportioned territory, except Red House, Parsi Bazar Street (office of the "Bombay Chronicle") which By CHARTER will be declared a freehold.

The Union Government will pay no interest, will socialise the British-owned banks, will declare all gambling as illegal all drinks as prohibitive (except "nariel-pani") and all men as equal and touchable.

This plan is under consideration of a Special Sub-Committee which is at present busy on guaging the relative merits and demerits of Vanaspati and ghee.

It is further proposed under the same scheme to nationalise the House of Tatas, Mr. S. K. Patil's name is proposed as Managing Director, "iph" the High Command aproves.

Jai Hind!

Buy Deferred

Jai Hind!

Arabs Given Equal Recognition With Jews

U.N. Political Committee's Decision

NEW YORK, May 6 (APA): In an effort to head off the threatened Arab boycott, the Political Committee of the United Nations Special Assembly has granted the Arab Higher Committee of Palestine equal status with the Jewish Agency in the Palestine debate.

The conciliatory step was initiated in a joint resolution by the United States and Argentina.

Egypt had informed the Committee that she would not participate in the Palestine discussions unless the two Holy Land organisations were given equal recognition.

WITHDRAWING APPLICATION

LAKE SUCCESS, (New York), May 6 (Reuter): When the Political Committee of the United Nations General Assembly resumed the debate on the Palestine problem here today, the Chairman, Mr. Lester Pearson of Canada, announced that a telegram had been received from the Arab Higher Committee representing the Arab population of Palestine withdrawing their application of yesterday for a hearing.

The telegram, which was from the Secretary of the Higher Committee, stated that the withdrawal was a protest against the way in which the Assembly had given prior recognition to the Jewish Agency which represented "an alien body and an imposed minority".

The General Assembly yesterday adopted a resolution making it mandatory on the Political Committee to hear the Jewish Agency, but leaving it to the Committee's discretion whether other organisations representing residents in Palestine were to be heard. A resolution which would have given the Jewish Agency a non-voting seat in the Assembly was rejected.

The telegram was read out after Senator Warren Austin of the United States had tabled a proposal that the Jewish Agency and other Palestinian representatives should appear before the Committee. Immediately the Arab withdrawal was announced, Mr. Asaf Ali of India interposed, asking whether it was really certain that the telegram had been sent by the Arab Higher Committee's Secretary and whether it might not be fake. Mr Pearson said that since the receipt of the message a confirming letter had been received signed "in pen and ink" by the same person.

Mr. Andrei Gromyko of Russia urged that it was time to invite a Jewish Agency representative to the table, but the Chairman announced that the Agency had not yet declared who their representative was to be. It is understood here that the Agency Executive is meeting in New York to try to choose a spokesman.

BEN GURION TO APPEAR AT U. N. MEETING

JERUSALEM, May 6, (U. P. A.): David ben Gurion, Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, announced today that he will fly tomorrow to the United States to appear before the United Nations meeting on Palestine.

The announcement coincided with the statement by Jamal Husseini, leader of the Palestine Arabs, that the Arabs will boycott the United Nations Palestine inquiry "if the present discrimination against the Palestine Arabs is continued."

Meanwhile, Hagana sources said another Jewish refugee ship had been located "somewhere in the Eastern Mediterranean," and was heading for Palestine. British coastal blockade ships and the Royal Air Force have been alerted.

GURION FOR NEW YORK

JERUSALEM, May 7, (Reuter): David Ben Gurion, Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, left Palestine by air today for New York to join United States Zionist leaders in presenting the Jewis' case to the United Nations General Assembly on Palestine.

Journalists Condemn Pre-Censorship

"Restrictions Are Intended To Hide Ministers' Misdeeds"

CALCUTTA, May 7 (UPI): The Executive Council of the Indian Journalists' Association adopted a resolution yesterday viewing with alarm the "increasing encroachments of the bureaucracy upon the elementary liberty of the Press and the Government of Bengal's persistent attempts to cover up their ineptitude and inefficiency by the resort to omnibus executive orders to gag the Press."

The meeting recorded its emphatic condemnation of the pre-censorship order and called upon the Editors and Proprietors of newspapers to take such measures as they deem necessary to defeat "the Government's mischievous and dangerous policy which has been actuated by motives other than those which they profess."

The recent Bengal Government order requiring pre-censorship by an executive officer of all news and comments regarding the activities of the police is in the opinion of the meeting "only an imitation by the Ministry of the Fascist technique employed to secure by coercion a regimented Press so that the misdeeds of the Ministers and other public servants may be kept back from the public."

FRESH SECURITY DEPOSITS FROM CALCUTTA PAPERS

CALCUTTA, May 7 (API): The keeper of the "Amrit Bazar Patrika" press has deposited a fresh security of rupees 4,000 with the Chief Presidency Magistrate as demanded by the Government of Bengal following the publication of an article entitled "Quit Calcutta" in the issue of "Jugantar" which is published from the "Amrit Bazar Patrika" press.

Their former security deposits having been forfeited by the Government of Bengal, the printer and publisher of "Anand Bazar Patrika" and "Hindusthan Standard" have deposited fresh securities of rupees 6,000 and rupees 5,000 respectively with the Chief Presidency Magistrate and renewed their declarations as printer and publisher of their respective papers.

The "Anand Bazar Patrika" press from where these two papers are published, has also deposited a fresh security of rupees 6,000 with the Magistrate as demanded by the Government of Bengal.

Hunt For Escaped Prisoners Continues

JERUSALEM, May 6, (Reuter): British troops and Criminal Investigation Department officers of the Palestine Police tonight raided Nathanya Diamond town half way between Tel Aviv and Haifa, in a new hunt for the 29 terrorists who escaped from Acre prison on Sunday.

There was "indiscriminate shooting" as patrols moved through deserted streets to begin house to house searches. One of the first places to be combed was the Jewish Ex-Service men's Club.

MOSCOW FAVOURS BR. TROOPS IN EGYPT

NEW YORK, May 7 (Reuter): The newspaper "P.M." published a report from its London correspondent today saying that Mr. Ernest Bevin told a private meeting of the Labour Party Foreign Affairs Committee that Generalissimo Stalin assured him in Moscow that the Soviet Government had no objection to stationing of British troops in Egypt.

Mamdot Meets Punjab Governor

LAHORE, May 7. (A.P.I.): Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, president of the Punjab Muslim League, had a thirty-minute meeting with the Governor of the Punjab today.

It is learnt that the Khan of Mamdot received from the Governor a written reply to the letter which the League Leader had written to him last week.

The contents of the letter, which are being kept a guarded secret, will be discussed at a meeting of the Punjab Muslim League Committee of Action this evening.

ENGLAND'S TEST PROSPECTS

(Continued from Page 1)

others follow their example the better!

CONCRETE PITCHES THE SECRET

In every park, playing field, school, or club ground, on every spare strip of land in Australia, it seemed to me, there were these concrete pitches on which the ball comes through at a safe, even height. From tiny lots the youngsters play on them, the batsmen getting over their shots, and to the pitch of the ball, with a natural balance which comes from complete confidence in the safe conditions of play. The bowlers benefit also. On those hard, true pitches they simply have to bowl a length or be slaughtered.

What happens on the park pitches and small league and club grounds in our own towns? You know as well as I do that the batsmen simply dare not go down the pitch to a ball in the correct manner. If they do, they are more likely to be hit in the teeth than to meet the ball with the bat. And the fast bowler, whether he has any idea of length or not, is the man who gets the wickets. It is a sheer physical intimidation which is the ruination of many potentially fine cricketers.

LOCAL AUTHORITIES SHOULD HELP

I do not suggest that the concrete strip should be brought into the county ground where they have facilities to look after the practice wickets as carefully as the middle, but it seems vital for the future of English cricket to get them established on the playgrounds outside where so much valuable material is being strangled at birth. J. C. Clay is already spreading this gospel in a practical way throughout South Wales.

I do not propose to argue about the change of pace from concrete to turf. All I will say is that the Australians seem to thrive on the treatment! The cost of laying concrete pitches is comparatively small. Local authorities or wealthy well-wishers of cricket would do the game a great service if they started to put them down NOW.

(Copyright)

FR. SOCIALISTS READY TO DROP REDS FROM GOVT.

PARIS, May 7 (Reuter): Delegates of the French Socialist Party in the early hours to-day voted in favour of the Government of the Socialist Prime Minister, M. Paul Ramadier remaining in office as a Coalition Government without the Communists.

VISITORS TO JINNAH

NEW DELHI, May 7 (API.) Chaudhuri Khaliquzzaman, member, Muslim League Working Committee, called on Mr. M. A. Jinnah this morning. Mr. Qasim Razvi, President of the Hyderabad State Majlis Ittihadul Muslimeen and Mr. Faqruddin met Mr. Jinnah and had a discussion with him.

Mr. Yusuf Abdulla Haroon, M.L.C. (Central), President of the Sind Provincial Muslim League, called on Mr. Jinnah this evening.

JINNAH'S CALL TO FRONTIER LEAGUERS

(Continued From Page 1)

could not be allowed to continue its ruthless policy of crushing the Muslims and the Muslim League organization in particular. The entire public has lost its confidence in this ministry and there is a province-wide demand for the application of section 93 and fresh elections. Dr. Khan Sahib and his co-Ministers were challenged to seek the verdict of the people, which they, in their extreme obstinacy, still refuse to do.

"SEEK FRESH ELECTION"

"From all the information that is available to me, and I have gone carefully, I through this matter most cannot disagree with the facts as they are and as a result of the exist situation created by the Frontier Ministry, thousands of people have been arrested, sentenced to various terms of imprisonment and detained and clapped into jails under the Frontier Crime Regulations. The only honourable course for Dr. Khan Sahib and his co-Ministers is to resign and seek fresh election.

"I note that the Frontier Government subsequently issued a communique on April 19, in which 'inter alia' they said: 'The Government have for their part, decided—unconditionally to release, as soon as conditions permit, all political prisoners who are not charged with offences of violence and the Government have no intention of interfering with the freedom of expression of political opinion or with peaceful meetings, but they must impress on all in the province that processions and picketing have in the past, proved an incitement to acts of lawlessness, and that they cannot be permitted until normal conditions return."

THE ROOT CAUSE

"But the root cause still continues. I had hoped that better counsels would prevail and I do still hope that the situation will be examined dispassionately and in its true perspective by those concerned. The Provincial Muslim League had, on the 1st of May, (before the Frontier leaders came to Delhi to meet me) after full consideration, come to the conclusion that the steps so far proposed by the Frontier Government in no way met the demands of the Muslim League and were, therefore, not acceptable to the League. They, therefore, decided not to call off the movement. The Frontier leaders could not also be to their being released for they did not gone to the jails merely to be released. I sympathise with them and I am unable to disagree with them in the decision that they have taken.

Nevertheless, we must recognise that the question of the Frontier, in all its aspects, is now before His Majesty's Government and Lord Ismay is in the United Kingdom now, and in my opinion, it is a question of a few weeks when decisions concerning the whole of India are likely to be announced. It is quite obvious that the people of N.W.F.P. must be given a chance to express their verdict and the root cause of popular resentment must be eliminated. There is not the slightest doubt what the verdict will be and the present Ministry cannot possibly thereafter continue. Therefore, as I have always said, let us hope for the best and be prepared for the worst.

CALL TO LEAGUERS

"In these circumstances, I most earnestly appeal to every Muslim especially Leaguers, to do all in their power to remain peaceful, without any reservation I say, that on our side there should be no resort to violence or force and we must bear up with fortitude and show tolerance despite the gravest provocations. We should not depart from the strictly peaceful path which we are determined to follow. In no circumstances should the movement be allowed to take a communal turn. Our fight is not against the Hindus or Sikhs, we are fighting for a true verdict of the people of the province to be obtained by fair and free methods. It is against all canons of morality and civilisation and the teachings of Islam that we should harm the weak. On the contrary, it is the duty of every Musalman to protect the minorities in spite of whatever provocation there may be. I know it can be said that it takes two to keep peace, but on our side, I say keep peace at any cost; and to the other side I may say: don't provoke and keep peace.

"I pray to God that during the few weeks that are now ahead of us, pending the final announcement, both sides will do their best and save people from destruction of his and property. When the final announcement has been made it will be entirely for us and we will be free to decide as to what course of action we should adopt."

DUTCH PREMIER IN BATAVIA

BATAVIA, May 7, (Reuter): The Dutch Prime Minister, for Overseas Rel. and the Minister for Overseas Territories, Dr. J. A. Jonkman, arrived by air from Holland this morning.

It is the first visit of a Dutch Prime Minister to the East Indies in the history of Dutch administration.

Dr. Beel and Dr Jonkman are expected to discuss Dutch policy in Indonesia in the implementation of the Linggadjati Agreement with Lieutenant Governor Dr Hubertus Van Mook and the Commission General from every angle and visit West Borneo and the Celebes before they return.

DISCUSSIONS ON BRITISH NATIONAL SERVICE BI

Churchill Gives Support To Main Principles

LONDON, May 7 (Reuter): The controversial Government amendment to its Conscription Bill reducing the length of whole time service in the armed forces from 18 months to one year is expected to be discussed today, the second day of the three-day debate on the Committee stage of the National Service Bill.

The Government introduced their amendment after 'rebellion' by a section of its own supporters last month when 70 Labour Members voted for rejection of the Bill and 20 abstained.

Conservatives then supported the Government and yesterday Mr. Winston Churchill, Opposition Leader, again gave support to the main principles of the Bill although he reserved his comment on the Government decision to reduce the length of the service.

Mr. Churchill said that he thought the Bill as originally drafted—18 months wholetime service and five and a half years part-time in reserve—reflected unwanted credit on the Government.

Mr. Churchill complimented Government on the internal structure of the Bill, which, he said, was drafted with great knowledge of the life of the people.

An amendment to exclude Scotland from conscription, moved by Independent Labour Party Member Mr. J. Carmichael, was rejected by 391 votes to 18. Mr. Carmichael was against the principle of conscription and also argued on economic grounds.

His views were hotly contested by other Scots, one of whom indignantly asked if Scotland's battles were to be fought by the people "south of the border."

Another amendment to exempt Northern Ireland where conscription does not apply, moved by Northern Ireland Conservative member Sir Ronald Ross, was negatived without a vote.

A Welsh Liberal Member's amendment to exclude Wales from the Bill was defeated by 305 votes to 21.

Mr. Clement Davies, Leader of the Parliamentary Liberal Party, said that there was an overwhelming majority in Wales against the principle of conscription. He said that the real reason why the Government did not bring Northern Ireland into the Bill was the difficulty of enforcing it. He warn the Government that there would be difficulties with Wales in enforcing the Bill" he declared.

Another Welsh Liberal Professor Gruffodd, said that young men of Wales would refuse to take medical examination. He asked if Government was ready to bring the whole of Wales to prison.

This attitude was described by one Welsh Labour Member as a "hypocritical piece of nationalism."

Britain To Be "Very Tough" With Creditor Nations

(Continued from Page 1)

why Britain, in the bilateral negotiations that will get started in earnest this month, will seek to reach with each creditor a balance, will seek to put a pounds, shillings and pence figure in place of that "invisibly entry."

But it will not be easy, particularly with India and Egypt or any country which in the past was Britain's debtor.

POSTPONED

"Reuter" adds: The talks next month will be the first negotiations with India and Egypt. The mission under Sir Wilfred Eady of the British Treasury which visited India, Iraq and Egypt in February was exploratory to interchange of views and facts and to give the creditor and the debtor an insight into each others desires and capacities in this matter. It was then arranged that negotiations proper would start at the end of May. The date has been slightly postponed and Sir Wilfred Eady has taken the opportunity to pay a flying visit to Canada for informal talks with the Canadian Treasury. No date appears yet to have been fixed for the delegation from Iraq.

"MILK" REMINDER

Existing consumers and new entrants to the Government Milk Distribution Scheme are reminded that they can renew their milk cards or obtain new ones for month of June from the milk centres upto 13th May 1947.

The price of milk for June will be 13 annas per seer.

D. N. KHURODY.

Milk Commissioner, Bombay.

Congress Executive Discusses Frontier Situation

NEW DELHI, May 7, (A.P.I.): The informal session of the Congress Working Committee which met this afternoon without the Congress President, Acharya Kripalani, who is indisposed, adjourned in the evening after a three-hour sitting.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Mr. C. Rajagopalachari had discussions with Mahatma Gandhi on the Frontier situation. Earlier Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Dr. Rajendra Prasad called on Gandhiji.

Suhrawardy's Appeal To Hindu Leaders

CALCUTTA, May 7 (A.P.I.): In a statement to-day Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Chief Minister of Bengal, reiterates his suggestion that the future shape of Bengal will be a matter for negotiation between the Hindus and Muslims. He also repeats his invitation to Hindu and Muslim leaders to sit down together at a conference to give concrete from to their hopes and aims. He begs of them not to destroy Bengal but to look ahead and grasp the wonderful opportunity of making Bengal free and independent. Such a Bengal, he emphasises, will be master of its own destiny and its own wealth, capable of a free will to form unions and treaties and alliances, respected amongst the nations of the world, rich, powerful and a haven for the common man.

Another Food Ship Arrives In Bombay

BOMBAY, May 7, (U.P.I.): Another ship, S.S. "Amra", carrying wheat and jawar from Mombasa has reached Bombay.

During April 1947, sixteen food ships arrived in Bombay harbour bringing approximately 94,000 tons of food grains including wheat, rice, millet, and barley. Three shipments of rice came from Burma during the month. Other food ships arrived from the U.S.A., Argentina, Canada, East Africa, Turkey, and Iraq.

About 1,400 tons of wheat supplies for the Bombay region are expected to reach Bombay from overseas during the week-end.

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INDIA, BURMA & CEYLON MUST MARCH TOGETHER

Shantikumar Morarji On Lanka Impressions: Need For Mercantile Marine

On the eve of his departure Seth Shantikumar N. Morarjee, senior partner, Messrs. Narottam Morarjee & Co., Managing Agents; Scindia Steam Nav. Co., in a press statement said that during his brief visit to Ceylon he had met with the utmost goodwill and friendliness from people of Lanka on all sides.

Whether his mission regarding formation of Ceylon Steamship Company bore fruit or not, he was certain of carrying with him feelings of goodwill and amity from all whom he had met in Ceylon.

ASIAN UNITY

The idea of Asian Unity was forged at Asian Relations Conference, and in the new world order the countries of the East must take their rightful place with countries of the West. Ceylon, Burma and India are on the threshold of a new era and will soon attain their full measure of independence; therefore national aspiration for each country to have its own shipping services to secure not only a fair share of cargo but also passenger traffic must be realised in the long run. Respective national flags of Ceylon, Burma and India must fly not only in home waters but all parts of world where they have trade connections.

NEED FOR MERCANTILE MARINE

One of the factors which contributed to shortage of food in last world war was lack of transport. This has made us realise the supreme necessity of having a mercantile marine. The mercantile marine of a country is also recognised as second line of defence. India, Brma and Ceylon are geographically, economically and commercially so intrtwined that each has to look to the other for close co-operation. An apprehension that a bigger country will try to dominate over a smaller one is groundless with men like Gandhii and Pandit Nehru at the helm of affairs who, by no stretch of imagination, can be regarded as narrow nationalists and who firmly believe in the conception of one world.

ONE FAMILY

The cultural and religious ties of Burma, Ceylon and India are also so intimate that we cannot but feel as members of one family. Just when I am about to leave Ceylon I am happy to observe that the people of this island are celebrating the festival season of Wesak on which day, nearly 2,500 years ago the Great Teacher, Lord Buddha gave to the world his message of love and humanity. On this great day I wish Ceylon success and prosperity and as one who attended the Asian Relations Conference as a visitor I believe that Ceylon will soon attain her proper place as a country in the comity of free and independent nations. Burma too will soon attain its rightful position under its patriotic leader General Aung San who. I can say from my personal knowledge of him, is a staunch believer in the idea of Asian countries marching together. I have full faith that Ceylon, Burma and India who are close neighbours and are so intimately connected will forge new bonds of friendship and will march together in close co-operation towards progress and advancement. I regard the so-called Indo-Ceylon and Indo-Burma problems as passing phases as I have no doubt that on realisation of their new status any difficulties or problems confronting these countries are bound to be settled on a mutually agreed basis. It is possible that Government of Ceylon for reasons of expediency might decide to postpone for some time the consideration of the question of starting a steamship company but I would assure them that they can count upon our co-operation and assistance at any time in future when they might wish to launch this enterprise.

Vashi Asked To Leave America

NEW YORK, May 6 (Reuter): The United States immigration authorities have informed the Indian dancer Nataraj Vashi and his wife Veena that they must leave America by May 15. The couple were due to appear in New York's Belasco theatre on Broadway on May 26 in a programme of Hindu dances sponsored by the India Society of America.

Mr. Hari Govil, the Society's Director told Reuter: "Vashi and his wife came to the United States about six months ago in connection with the society's cultural presentations. Their visa was only valid for six months and it was hoped in the interim to allow them to present their "act" to the American public. There was considerable delay in getting their costumes and properties landed owing to the San Francisco shipping strike. They had waited three months before their things arrived from India."

Meanwhile the couple applied to the United States immigration authorities for extension of their stay but this was turned down, it is learned here.

Further representations have been made to the American authorities in the hope that they will permit the couple to remain here until at least they have been able to appear in the New York theatre.

POLICE RAID PUNJAB CONGRESS H. Q.

Search For Forfeited Book On Rawalpindi Atrocities

LAHORE, May 7. (U.P.I.): The police raided Bradlaugh Hall, the headquarters of the Punjab Congress Committee yesterday evening and searched the office for nearly two and half hours. Nothing objectionable was reported to have been found and no arrests were made.

The office of the Punjab Riot Sufferers' Relief Committee in Lajpatrai Bhavan was sealed by the police yesterday.

France's Highest Military Honour For Churchill

PARIS, May 6 (UPA): Winston Churchill will be decorated with France's highest military honour, the Madaille Militaire, during a full-dress ceremony in the Court of Honour of Invalides on Saturday.

"FRANCE HAS A REAL FRIEND IN GENERAL MARSHALL"

French Zone In Germany May Join Anglo-U. S. Combination

WASHINGTON, May 6 (UPA)—A high Government official said conversations were proceeding in Berlin on a technical basis in regard to the future entry of the French zone in Germany into the combined United States-British zones.

The source explained that these conversations began before the Moscow Conference and so far it would seem that there was no real obstacles to prevent the fusion.

He said informal talks with French diplomats at high levels here, supported this, and said as a result of the Moscow Conference Bidault feels that France has in Marshall a real friend who understands her problems and who was responsible for bringing about the coal agreement with Moscow acceptable to the French.

He said Bidault would probably advocate the French zone joining the combined zone to-morrow if he felt he could ignore the displeasure of the French Communist Party.

The official said recent press reports of the United States-British deadlock on the economic machinery for the combined zone in Germany were exaggerated but not until the British adopted the United States practical approach to the problem is not much progress could be made. He explained the chief difficulty is that while the United States has 6,000 officials in the zone the British have 23,000. He said those British are on a seven-year contract. He said General Clay has told General Sir William Robertson that the decentralisation of German economy on a large basis in the hands of German officials was the only way for the Germans to learn responsibility and help to get their country back toward a peacetime normal condition.

The official here, said that by no word or deed have the British disavowed their intention to carry out the Potsdam policy, consequently he felt sure they would go down to giving the German officials responsibility on a laender basis. However the official opined that this could only be done by sending some thousands of the British back to England. He suggested it would result in financial economies to Britain. He said United States Congress was unwilling to vote money to maintain more than 6,000 officials in Germany which was another reason for the United States giving German officials a wider responsibility.

He explained another difference with the British is that they want the United States to provide up to three milliard dollars of funds into Germany to rehabilitate its industry but again the Congress would not approve such a sum. He said at the time of the merger the United States officials clearly told the British that credits could only be on a commodity basis for the present such as for the payment of imports of food stuffs.

"LAND-GRABBING TENDENCY" OF REFUGEES

KARACHI, May 7 (API): The Mayor of Karachi has addressed communications to the Sind Premier and the District Magistrate asking their help to prevent what he described as "land-grabbing tendency" in the Lyari Quarter where Muslim labourers and Bihar refugees are reported to have put up a number of unauthorised huts.

The Mayor and officials of the Corporation who visited the site yesterday found that the number of such unauthorised structures has increased from 700 to 1,100 within a few days.

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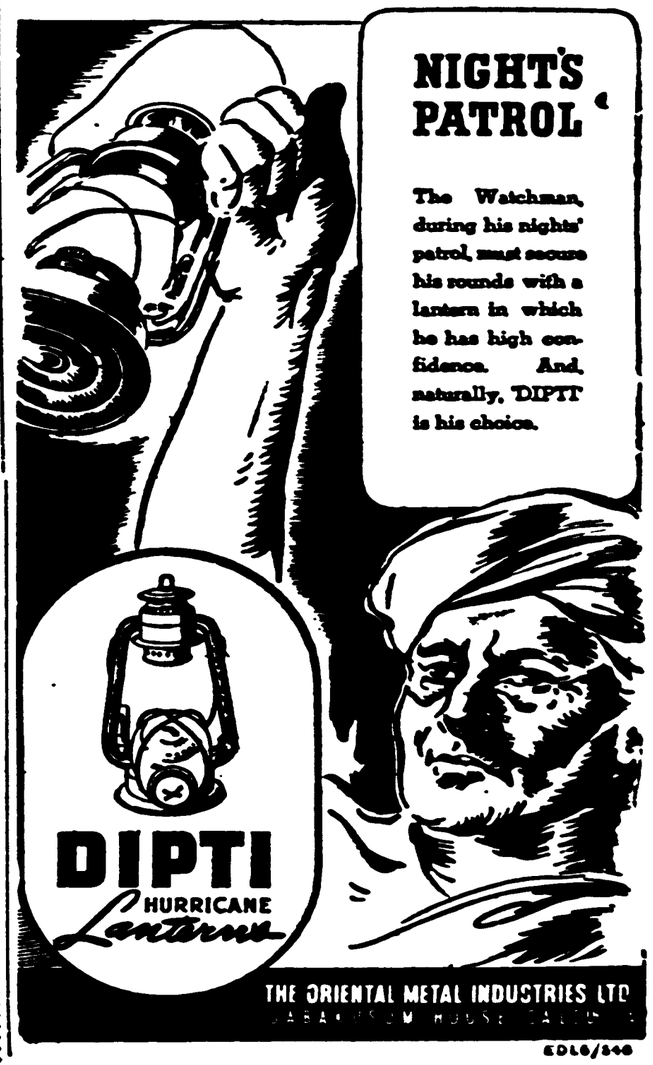
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EDL6/846

MOVE FOR UNION OF STATES

Rulers Expected To Meet In Bombay To Discuss Plans

BOMBAY, May 7, (U. P. I.): The "United Press of India" understands that the next meeting of the States Ruler draft for the final approval of the Western Institution for the Union of and Central India, Gujarat, Rajputana in Bombay India States will be held this week-end. His Highness the Saheb of Nawanagar who has just returned from England is expected to preside.

The constitution scheme, which was circulated and finalised, was published by some of the States concerned in order to elicit opinion of their subjects. Preliminary reactions so far available do not seem to be very favourable. Two of the leading States of Kathiawar, Junagadh and Bhavnagar, have already declared their intention to stand aloof and several other important States who had shown some enthusiasm in the beginning, seem to favour the idea that a group of Kathiawar States alone would be most suitable for the purpose of entering the All-India Union.

New Ambassador To Philippines

WASHINGTON, MAY 6, (U. P.): A high Filipino official said today that Emmett O'Neal, former Democratic Congressman from Louisville, Kentucky, will succeed Paul V. McNutt as Ambassador to the Philippines.

The source said President Truman had approved O'Neal.

Indian Company Not To Run U. S.-India Steamship Line

NEW YORK, May 6 (UPA): A representative of the India Steamship Company of Calcutta to-day denied reports that the line will operate a regular service between India and the United States and said the line would concentrate on operating on the India-United Kingdom-Continental service.

The line recently purchased six Victory ships from the United States.

BAN ON ROBESON'S RECITAL REMOVED

ALBANY, NEW YORK, May 6, (Reuter): The New York State Supreme Court Judge today granted an injunction restraining the Albany Board of Education from banning a recital to be given by the Negro singer, Paul Robeson, in a school hall on Friday night.

The Board which last September issued a Permit to the Negro Society for the concert, cancelled it two weeks ago on the ground that Robeson had communist leanings.

The Supreme Court ruled that the Board of Education had no express power to revoke a permit once it had been given regardless of discretionary power it had in granting permission in the first place.

3 Shifts In Madras Mills

MADRAS, May 6 (A. P. I.): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Member for Industries and Supplies it is learnt, during his forthcoming, visit will explore the possibility of introducing a third shift in the textile mills in the province for accelerating the production of yarn and cloth. His visits to Madura and Coimbatore are stated to be in this connection.

Fined For Breach Of Curfew Order

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Over 100 persons who were arrested sometime ago by the Nagpada and Maharbouri Police for breach of Curfew Order were today sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 5 each, in default to suffer a week's R.I. by Mr. Oscar Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court.

Our European News Letter

India Asked To Send Trade Mission To Germany

PROGRESS OF TRADE AND INDUSTRY IN EUROPE

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, May 1.

Dr. Mukhtar, Economic Adviser to the Indian Military Mission in Germany, has written to the Commerce Department of the Government of India, to send out a trade mission to Germany and establish contact with businessmen there.

LONDON.

Dr. Ahmad Mukhtar, who recently arrived in Berlin to take up the appointment of Economic Advisor at the Indian Military Mission, during his short office of one week has held talks with both the British and American authorities. Accompanied by Mr. Arthur Lal, the new Deputy Trade Commissioner in England, he discussed trade matters with the Joint Export and Import Agency for the U.S. and U.K. zones, at Minden, Westphalia, in Germany. As a result of these discussions Dr. Mukhtar has formed the opinion that there will be a demand in Germany, (British and American zones), for jute, hemp, raw hides, short staple cotton, shellac, mica, cheap tanning material, raw coconut products, coffee, linseed oils, turpentine oils, gum, castor oil and crude drugs.

Britain has withdrawn a further £62,500,000 of the American loan. This brings the total withdrawals, since the loan was sanctioned in July 194 to £387,500,000. It is believed there will be another withdrawal in the near future and by midsummer about half the £937,500,000, credit will have been spent. This was not unexpected when the loan negotiations were on foot. What was unexpected was that the difficulties of Britain would persist necessitating another loan. U.S.A. will not be averse to making another loan to Britain. But Britain is not prepared to accept any loan on the terms of the first loan. It is felt that with the first loan Britain did not get a "square" loan. It proved to be rather a millstone round her neck; no more millstones round the neck of John Bull. Yet it is difficult to say how Britain can carry on without a loan from U.S.A. In any case the British Treasury for the present is making no approach to U.S.A. for a new loan. "Wait and see", appears to be the policy.

Meanwhile tobacco and other non-essentials from U.S.A. are being cut. The cut, it is expected, will kill two birds with one stone. First, it will solve the dollars, and secondly, produce a fall in American prices. Some of the continental buyers, including Sweden, have partially withdrawn from American markets, it is felt others will follow in the next few months. This, it is expected, will lead to a fall in American prices.

PARIS.

France is described as a "drowning man with his head above the water." Undoubtedly the economic condition is serious. But the situation will not improve by the tantrums of de Gaullists. France's two headaches are shortage of coal and shortage of manpower. Fortunately coal production has registered an increase recently; but the manpower situation will become worse when Polish miners and German prisoners of war leave the country. But Germans cannot be expected to remain in France for eternity to suit its convenience. France will have to ask its own sons and daughters to work harder and attract foreign labour by offering it attractive conditions of labour. The president of the Paris Brokers' Association is leaving for New York to discuss the re-establishment of dealings between New York and Paris stock exchanges.

BERLIN.

Foreign businessmen can now go to Germany and enter into direct relations with German firms. German banks have been authorised to handle letters of credit, collections and documents. But payment for German goods has still got to be delivered only inside Germany or on her borders. Another difficulty is the absence of an international rate of exchange for the mark. The Export-Import Agency's ruling is that German goods cannot be sold on the basis of their value or cost of production in marks, but on the basis of their value in the foreign market. However, the Agency has compiled a list of goods and their relative value in marks abroad which should be found of help to prospective buyers.

ROME.

Car production is reaching new heights in Italy. Before the war the production of commercial vehicles did not exceed 345 per months. But now the monthly production exceeds 700. The position in regard to heavy vehicles is even better. The 1938 average was 175 per month. In 1946 the monthly output varied between 451 and 570. Italian shippers are planning to start a service between Italy and Mexico. The line will be financed partly with Mexican and partly with Italian capital.

STOCKHOLM.

The Government has postponed the nationalisation of the oil industry. The nationalisation would have involved an expenditure of 100,000,000 kroner (to be paid to oil companies) which, it is felt, would be strain on the country's limited dollar resources. Besides, the American Companies had warned that if they were not allowed to continue to operate their own subsidiaries in Sweden, the price of oil might shoot up. This appears to have influenced the Government's decision to give up nationalisation for the present at least.

MADRID.

Spain has opened trade talks with Italy. Spain wants machintry and chemicals and is prepared to offer minerals and metals. Spanish scientists are experimenting with bananas to see if these can be used for textile purposes. Spain has vast banana plantations and scientists believe they can obtain more than 5,000 tons of textile fibre from the trees.

PRAGUE.

The national debt of Czechoslovakia is now more than double what it was in 1938. The Financial Administration is reducing the burden involved by lowering the rate of interest. Already the greater part of the debt is now at the rate of 3 per cent instead of former 5 per cent, 4 1/2 per cent, or 3 1/2 per cent.

From May 1st the ration of white rolls, buns, etc. which are apart from the ordinary bread ration, for consumers of over 20 years old, will be reduced from the present 4,000 gr. to 2,000 gr. weekly. But as the bread ration will be increased the consumer will not be much hit. It is also open to them to draw 100 gr. of sugar in place of 500 gr. of white rolls. The workers have hitherto been entitled to extra meat ration. This concession is being withdrawn as the meat supplies are not adequate.

MOSCOW.

A new lignite deposit over an of 80 square miles, near the River Dniepuer, has been found. It is described as one of the biggest in the Soviet Union. The Research Institute of the Sugar Industry, it is said, has evolved a formula whereby lump sugar can be produced from molasses in ordinary mills without requiring any special equipment. By this process 50 per cent of the sugar content of molasses can be extracted and thus the sugar yield increased.

BELGRADE.

Yugoslav has sent a trade delegation to Cairo. Yugoslav will get machinery and industrial equipment it requires for its five year plan from Czechoslovakia. The Dalmatian Coast is being publicised to attract tourists. It is expected that about 200,000 tourists from Czechoslovakia alone will visit the Coast.

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STEADY RISE IN STEEL AND KOHINOOR SHARES

Silver Prices Harden On Increased Demand

SHORT COVERING RESULTS IN SMALL IMPROVEMENT IN COTTON MARKET

Bombay, May 7

The market being in a constructive mood and the recent realising having improved the technical situation, recorded good improvement. Failure of Mahatma and Jinnah talks failed to have any effect on the market as most of the urgent long interest was liquidated. As a matter of fact there was renewed buying by professional operators and particularly Tata Steel and Kohinoors were well supported. Simplex shares made impressive move but the rise attracted some realising. Tone of the market was very steady. There is more disposition to buy on declines than to sell on upturns.

Tata Steel Defds opened Rs. 25 down at Rs. 2090 and declined at Rs. 2080 which was the lowest level reached. Thereafter there was active professional buying which pushed up Defds at Rs. 2125. A small setback of Rs. 5 was followed up by active buying and Defds looked up at Rs. 2165 under rapid buying but reacted at Rs. 2145 and steadied at Rs. 2152. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 398 and after advancing at Rs 408/8 steadied at Rs. 406. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1045 and after touching Rs. 1042 firmed up at Rs. 1080. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 672 and after declining at Rs. 669 moved up at Rs. 681 and steadied at Rs. 678. Simplex shares opened at Rs. 324 and improved at Rs. 331 but reacted at Rs. 327. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 610 and after improving at Rs. 624, quietened at Rs. 618. Scindia shares were quoted at Rs. 31/11 while Central Bank shares were steady at Rs. 104/8. After early rise prices continued to fluctuate irregularly due to alternating spurts of purchasing and realising but tone was very steady.

Towards the close there was renewed buying and Tata Steel Defds were quoted at Rs. 2160 and Bombay Dyeings were done at Rs. 1070. Kohinoors were steady at Rs. 689 while Simplex shares were quoted at Rs 330. Imperial Bank shares were done at Rs. 2320 and Trams changed hands at Rs 119/4. The market closed firm.

As a result of day's trading Tata Steel Defds. gained Rs. 45, Ordinary Rs. 7, Dyeing Rs. 22 8, Kohinoor Rs. 16, Swadeshi Rs. 7, Nagpur Rs. 3 and Indore Rs. 10. There was considerable short covering on prospects in the price of steel. Kohinoors are backed up professionals and shorts seem to have been caught.

MILLS.

Bombay Dyeing 1070 Kohinoor 689 Swadeshi 622 Nagpur 281 Simplex 330 New Great 366 Gokak 306 Indore 580 Century 905 Colaba 240 Indian Bleaching 162 Swan 368 Finlay X. D. 314 Morarji 625 Edward 680 Meyer 252/8 Apollo 4/5 I. U. Ord. 15 14 I. U. Dfd. 3/4 Madhusudan 305 Poddar 330 Khatau 300.

STEEL SHARES.

Tata Steel Ord 408 Tata Steel Dfd. 2160 Second Pref. 167/4.

CEMENT

Associated Merger 178.

INDUSTRIES.

Burma 458/12 Bellapur 262 Shivrajpur 37/8 Scindia 31/12 P. Construction 200 Tata Chemical 16/4 Tata Oil 81 Indian Iron 34/12 Bengal Steel 26/11.

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ordinary 119/4 Tata Hydro 176 Andhra 1560 X D. Tata Power 1705

MILLS (CASH).

Elphinstone 91 Phoenix 1295 India Manufacturing 3700 Koorla 300 Dawn 1600 David 151/4 New City 241/4 Minerva 210 Bradbury 520 Bharucha (Defd.) 8 Bharat 52/4 Mysore 300 Madhavji 17 Model 206/4 Laxmi 1800 Vishnu 683/12 Western 3600 Standard 562/8 Sholapur 600 Sassoon Cotton 24/8 Hindustan 3600 Tata 95/4 Ahmedabad Advance 460 Sassoon Silk 85 New Union 19/6 Madhusudan B. 60 Shrinivas 405 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 375 Victoria 425.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH).

Ahmedabad 157/8 (New) 118/12 Surat 343/12 New Pref. 140 Karachi 240 Broach 12/1 Ajmer 13/8 Amalgamated 20/4 Jalgaon 14/12 Nagpur 58 Poona 210 Bombay Suburban 202/8 Bombay Suburban (New) 164/10.

BANK SHARES.

Reserve 118 Imperial 2320 P. P. 570 Central X. R. 105 India 237 Union 11/8 Baroda 166 Habib 165 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 75 Jaipur 62 Hindusthan Com. 48 Mysore 460 Exchange (Ord.) 53.

INSURANCE.

Oriental 5400 Empire 975 New India 82 Jupiter 34 Vulcan 16 Indian Mercantile 62/8 Universal Fire 18 Vasant 22/4 British India General 22 Industrial Prudential 45 Neptune 13/8 New Great 43 All-India General 40/4.

RAILWAYS.

C. P. 108/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Sara Sirajganj 116 Pachora 101 Mandra Bhon 116.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 532/8 Steamer 562/8 Burma New 168/12 Burma Petrol 3/12/6 Mackenzie 185 Port Canning 86 Kemp

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, May 7.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/4 4/4,6 4/4 4/5 4/4/6 4/5 Bharat 52/4 B. Dyeing 1045 42/8 70 65 80 65 70 Bradbury (Pref.) 520 C. India 275 79 78 81 79 81 70 80 79 81 E. Textiles 680 Finlay 309 8 13/8 12/8 13 12 14 Gokak 301 5 3 8 5 6 I. U. (Defd.) 3/4 3/3/6 3/4 I. U. (Ord.) 15/11 15/14 Indore 570 82/8 75 80 Kohinoor 672 69 80 75 81 76 85 78 80 79 86 84 94 89 New City 241/4 New Great 362 66 Phoenix 1275 95 Podar 332/8 30 Shrinivas 405 Simplex 324 29 26 31 26/8 30 Swadeshi 610 8 20 18 24 18 20 18 22 Tata Mills 95/8 95 95/4

BANKS

Baroda 166 Central 103/12 Habib 165 Imperial (Old) 2322 8 20 Imperial (New) 575 70 72,8 70 India 236 37 Reserve 117 18 Union 11/10 11 8

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 157,8 Andhra Valley 1565 60 B. Tram (Ord.) 117 18 17/8 19/8 19 19/4 B. Tram (Pref.) 55/8 55/4 Hydro 176/8 77 76

INSURANCE

B. I. General 22/4 22 I. Mercantile 62/8 New India 82 82/8 81/12 82 Vulcan 15/14 16 Scindia Steam 31/2 31/9 31/7 31/12 31/10 31/12 31/11 32 31/9 31/12

STEEL.

B Steel 25/12 26/8 26/6 26/12 26/10 26/11 I. Iron 33/1 34/8 34/7 34/12 34/10 34/12 Tata (Defd.) 2090 80 2135 20 65 45 60 50 57/8 47/8 60 Tata (Ord.) 398 408/8 6 7 6/8 8 Tata (IInd Pref.) 167 67/8 67/4

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 535 30 40 32/8 A. C. C. (Old) 175/8 79 78 A. C. C. (New) 62 63 Belapur 258 64 62 B. B. (Old) 451/4 58/12 57,8 58/12 B. B. (New) 167/8 68/12 B. B. Petrol 3/13 3/12/6 I. Bleaching 162 P. Construction 197 201 200 Shivrajpur 37/8 Tata Chemical 16/2 16/4 Tata Oil 81 80 81 80/8 81 Wimco 262/8 63/12 Poona Elec. 210 Hindustan Comm. Bank 48 Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 119/6 18/12 575 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Radio (Ord.) 377 Indian Radio B. 375 Indian Radio 361/4 Indian Investment Trust 106/8 Wimco X. R. 263/12 Dharamsey Chemical 35 Mukund Iron 14/12 Dena Bank 25 Alembic 355 Supreme India 228 Jamwire 141/8 Bombay Uganda 85 Bombay Motor Cycle 43/8 India Cement 42 Walchand Nagar Industries 325 United Motor 70 A. C. C. New 63.

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 205 Tram 56 Andhra Valley 1390 Tata Power 1460 Hydro 143/8 Bombay Steamer 315 Nagpur 685 Swadeshi 150 Vishnu 822/8 Laxmi 306/4 New Great 268/12 Poddar 116 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 130 Bradbury 523/12 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 119 (2nd Pref.) 122/8 Amalgamated 166/4 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 122/8 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 19/12 Supreme 120.

OUTSIDE SHARES.

Indian Copper 3/5 B. I. C. 10 Burma Corporation 4/5 New Victoria 5/8 New Victoria Preference 6/12 Raja 28/8 Phalton 125 Gold Mohar 370 New Kaiser-i-Hind 430 Sajjan 300 Osmanshahi 300 Ajamshahi 265 Air Services 16/8 Air India 187/8 Birla Motor 8/2 Marshal 7-12.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

BOMBAY, May 7.

	Rs.	as.	p.
2-3/4 pc 1948/52	101	4	0
2-3/4 pc 1960	100	5	0
2-1/2 pc 1961	98	9	0
3 pc 1949/52	102	4	0
3 pc 1951/54	102	13	0
3 pc 1953/55	103	4	0
3 pc 1957 V. L.	102	13	0
3 pc 1959/61	102	10	0
4 pc B. P. T.	115	0	0
5 pc M. Debent.	120	8	0
6 pc B. P. T.	125	0	0
3 pc 1963/65	102	10	0
3 pc 1966/68	102	8	0
3 pc 1970/75	102	4	0
3 pc 1986 New	101	14	6
3-1/2 pc 1947/50	101	5	0
4 pc 1960/70	114	0	0
4 pc 1983 Kar. Mun.	114	0	0
4 pc 1955/60	117	0	0
4 pc M. Debent.	115	0	0
6 pc M. Debent	123	0	0

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, May 6.

May 2.62 to 2.62-1/2.
July 2.23-3/4 to 2.23-1/2.
September 2.16-3/4 to 2.17.
December 2.14

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, May 7

The local Bullion market opened very steady under the influence of firmness of Tukda Bazar but met some selling.

It is reported that a general meeting of the members will be called on Friday with a view to nominate two persons to fix final quotations for the outstanding business in Vaishakh delivery.

At the opening Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 170/4 and declined at Rs. 169/4 under increased offerings but thereafter there was moderate support and Silver was quoted at Rs. 169/12. Ready Gold opened at Rs. 109/4 and quietened at Rs. 109 while Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 70/12.

Later on the market was steady and final quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as	p.
Ready Silver	169	8	0
Ready Gold	108	12	0
Sovereigns	70	12	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, May 7

The cotton market was fairly steady on cessation of selling and scattered buying influenced by higher Karachi advices and hopes of increased exports. However there was no change in the general sentiment and outside participation remains very restricted.

There is only moderate demand for ready cotton and the statistical outlook does not suggest any runaway market.

At the opening July was quoted at Rs. 433 against expected rate of Rs. 432/8. There was scattered buying and the market improved at Rs. 433/12 while September business was done at Rs. 441/8.

The market improved at Rs. 434/6 and finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under.

I.C.C. July	433	12	0
I.C.C. Sept.	441	8	0

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, May 6.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
May	—	—	—
July	433-1/4	431-3/4	432-1/2
Sept.	441	439-3/4	440-1/8
Karachi 4F July	45-11-3	45-8-9	45-11-0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton July Contract is 1752 cent points below New York July at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, May 7

The produce market was quietly steady with limited business and quotations were mostly unchanged. Groundnuts Khandesh quality were quoted at Rs. 30/8. Coromandal at Rs. 29/8 and Bold at Rs. 29. Groundnut Oil Bombay Mills ready was placed at Rs. 18/8. May was quoted Rs. 17/10 and June at Rs. 18. Castorseeds May were quoted at a premium of Rs 3 over the ceiling of Rs. 131. Steady quotation was Rs. 29. Navlakhi Rs. 28/4 and Cawnpore Bold Rs. 27/4. Linseed Ready was quoted at Rs. 26/4. April/May delivery at Rs. 26/4 and July/August at Rs. 26/6. Castorseeds Oil first pressing Rs. 21/8 and Commercial quality Rs. 18. Linseed Oil was quoted at Rs. 16/12.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

BOMBAY, May 7.

Tata Ordinary 408 Tata Deferred 2160 Indian Iron 34/12 Steel Corpn. of Bengal 26/12 Bombay Dyeing 1070 Central India 281/4 Gokak 306/4 Kohinoor 688/12 Simplex 330 Swadeshi 621/4 Tata Power 1700 Associated Cement 178 Belapur 261/4 Bombay Burma (Old) 458/12 Scindia 31/12 Central Bank 105 New India 81/4 Tata 2nd Pref. 167/8

Calcutta Shares Quietly Steady With Limited Business

CALCUTTA, May 7.

The market continued quiet but steady along with a limited business. Following are today's final transactions upto 2 p.m.:

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three per cent Loan 1986 102/5 small lot three per cent Victory 7957 102/8 small lot.

BANKS: Bharat Bank 9/12 Reserve 120 small lot United Commerical Bank 74.

COALS: Bengal 800 East Indian 55 Jogta 9/10 Searsole 8

MISCELLANEOUS: Burmah Corpn 4/8 Ct Tavoy tn 2/5 Exrights Dalmia Cement Ordy 14 Braithwaite and Co. 12/8 Exdiv Textile Machinery 11 Alluminium Corpn 13 B.I.C. 9/14 Jardine Henderson 206 Rohtas Industry Ordy 15 Union Tobacco 14/12 Walford Transport Ordy 6 British Burmah Pet 3/12 Indo-Burma Pet 100 Shree Gopal Paper 18 India Steamship 15 India General Navgn. 200.

TEAS: Central 137/8 Exdiv.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, May 7.

Coiryarn Beypore 190/200, Quilandy 205/215, Fibre Garbled 170, Ungarbled 165, Cocoanuts Raw 135, Dry 135. Cocoanut Oil 500, Copra Office 290. Dilpasand 300, Madrasnottam 330 Pepper Wynaad 550, Country 540, Dry Ginger Chernad 250, Ernad 240, Coffee Robusta 86, Timber Pali 52/55, Junglewood 28/29 Vellapine 42/45, Benteak 50, Teak 78/80, Mango Planks 3/12, Teak 18 Rosewood 16/18.

LONDON BULLION.

London, May 6.

Silver Spot 44-3/4. Forward 44-1/2
Gold Bars Fine per oz. £8/12/3.

LONDON WHEAT.

London, May 6.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B. 103 May-June quoted.

World Cotton Consumption To Rise

WASHINGTON, May 2.

Total consumption of cotton in other countries during 1946-47 is expected to exceed the 1945-46 rate by about two million bales, the Agriculture Department said today.

World consumption was placed at 26 million bales and world carry-over as of August 1, 1947, was estimated at slightly over 16 million bales, about one million bales less than the 1935-39 average. A bale is 500 pounds.

U. S. cotton exports for the current year, through February, includes about 800,000 bales exported by U.N.R.R.A. largely to China and Yugoslavia, and exports to Germany and Japan. Leading major exports to other countries for this period include: The United Kingdom, 264,031 bales; Italy, 289,388, France, 228,659, Canada, 189,019, and China 175,989 bales.

August 1, 1947, carry-over of all cotton in the United States is expected to be about three million bales. This would be 60 per cent less than the carry-over last August and the lowest since 1929.

Total U. S. supply for the 1946-47 season is estimated at 16,250,000 bales, including carry-over and imports of 225,000 bales. Supply this year is equal to about 80 per cent of the bales available in 1945-46. The number of workers on farms in the U. S. cotton belt on April 1 was estimated at 4,700,000 —about the same as last year.

Somewhat more fertilizer will be available in the cotton belt this year than last, but not enough to meet the demand. Last year's cotton crop was the smallest since 1921.

WALL STREET MARKET EASY

NEW YORK, May 6.

The recovery movement ended after irregularity bringing losses up to two points in quiet declines on a fairly broad front. Light pressure leadings, particularly effective against leading wetstocks, steels, chemicals, Mimings, electric manufacturings, foods and motors. The last named reflecting some disappointment over the General Motors unchanged dividend. Technicians see nothing alarming in the current correction as long as the volume continued light. The averages were Industrials 172.42 and Rails 45.34. Pressure dwindled early in the afternoon and the market rallied sluggishly from the low levels but still snowed losses of mostly up to one point. Selected motors, steels, wetstocks, textiles, oils, and rails were prominent issues in the recovery but even these issues met with difficulty in attracting more than professional support. While some brokers are anticipating lower prices in the near future, others feel that the present correction phase will be followed by another attempt to raise the industrial average. It was emphasised that the 255 dividends had increased so far this year, including high calibre stocks and the psychological effect should not be minimised. There was no material change in the market position during late trading. The market closed easy. American Telephone and Telegraph 165-3/4, Amerex Holding Co. 28-1/4, Anaconda Copper Mining 36-1/8, Chase National Bank 35, Sinclair Oil 15-1/4, Firestone Tyre and Rubber Co. 51-7/8, General Electric Co. 34-1/2, General Motors 58-3/8, Ingersoll Rand 110 bid, International Nickel 31-1/2, National City Bank of New York 39-1/4, New York Central Rail Road Co. 14-5/8, Socony Vacuum Corporation 15-1/4, Texas Corporation 59-5/8, Union Carbon and Carbide 98-1/2, U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co. 43, U. S. Steel Corporation Common) 69-5/8, Western Union Telegraph 18-5/8.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is the Account of the Reserve Bank of India, for the week ended the 2nd May.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES

Notes held in the Banking Department Rs. 20,46,68,000; Notes in circulation Rs. 1237,01,68,000; Total Notes issued Rs. 1263,48,36,000; Total Liabilities Rs. 1263,48,36,000

ASSETS

Gold Coin and Bullion:—(a) Held in India Rs. 44,41,45,000; Sterning Securities Rs. 1135,32,89,000. Total Rs. 1179,74,34,000; Rupee Coin Rs. 25,89,88,000, Rupee Securities Rs. 57,-25,89,88,000; Govt. of India Rupee Securities Rs. 57,84,14,000; Total Assets Rs. 1263,48,36,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 93.372 per cent.

LIABILITIES

Capital paid up Rs. 5,00,00,000; Reserve Fund Rs. 5,00,00,000; Deposits: +(a) Government, (1) Central Government of India Rs. 396,48,33 000; (2) Other Government Accounts Rs. 18,91,09,000. (b) Banks Rs. 97,19.33,-00 (c): Other Rs. 25,73,75.000; Bills Payable Rs. 2,39,50,000; Other Liabilities Rs. 16,90.82.000; Rupees 567,62,-82,000.

ASSETS

Notes Rs. 26 46,68.000; Rupee Cain Rs 8,60.000; Subsidiary Coin Rs. 1,50,-000, Bills Purchased and Discounted, Government Treasury Bills Rs. 3,30,02,000; Balances held abroad Rs. 474,53.15.000. Loans and Advances to Government Rs. 35.00.000; Other Loans and Advances Rs. 30,00.000; Investments Rs. 57,53,90,000; Other Assets Rs. 5,04,97.000; Rupees 567,62,-82.000.

Moderate Buying On New York Cotton Exchange

FUTURES 6 TO 18 POINTS HIGHER

NEW YORK, May 6 (UPA).

Quiet trading and steady prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange, the chief activity of the trade switching between the old and new crop positions. With speculative interest dwindling, traders foresee and impending trading lull until the new crop furnishes definite incentives either way. Forward positions were relatively firm in the early forenoon under buying by a leading spot firm, the first definite support to appear in that section for some time. Technicians opined that the inter-month differentials are now as wide as they will be for some time. That view was taken because of the apparent willingness of spot interests to purchase July and October delivery at differences of 216, 720 and 815 points under May.

NEW CROPS FIRM

Today's session opened 14 points higher to 3 lower and immediately strengthened the leadership, the new crop rising 18 to 28 points. May delivery went to 36.36, the highest since April 28th. Reactionary securities and the inability of wheat to hold early advances brought a midafternoon flurry of realizing but the list steadied again to close 16 to 18 points higher. Nine delivery notices against May were promptly stopped by a leading spot firm. An early support of July was regarded as the continuation of shipper covering against recent sales of 40,000 bales to the Government for U.N.R.R.A. and buying in anticipation of acceptances for an additional 25,000 bales on which bids open tomorrow. A more favourable tenor of crop news was highlighted by the weekly Government report saying that planting had made fairly good progress with above normal temperatures, much sunshine and less rainy weather.

ACREAGE INCREASE

Private forecasts are now indicating that the new acreage may be increased 25 per cent over last year against the recent expectations for an increase of 15 per cent. The Bureau Agricultural economics reported that the carryover supply next August 1st is likely to be around 3,000,000 bales. The Bureau world consumption at 26,000,000 bales and the world carryover next August at 16,000,000 bales.

Washing trade reports said Mr. Paul Cleveland, attorney of the Office of the Civil Affairs of the War Department is leaving shortly for Germany at the head of a five-man mission to complete the final arrangements for a 20,000,000 dollar German "Cotton Bank" to be financed largely by the Export Import Bank. The Mission is expected to include representatives of the Agriculture and State Departments, the Export Import Bank and one representative of the cotton shippers who are urging the establishment of the Bank. Meanwhile, the Government departments affected by the proposed bank arrangement are understood to have received versions of the contract which may furnish the instrument for the shipment of some 25,000 bales per month to the British and American occupation zones.

IMPRESSIVE PERFORMANCE OF U. S. COTTON TEXTILE INDUSTRY

NEW YORK, May 6, (U. P. A.): The Cotton Textile Institute Inc. reported today that the U. S. cotton textile industry cut the gap between current and capacity operations to six per cent, compared with 37 per cent in 1939, and said that while the quarterly capacity performance is about 31,000,000,000 spindle hours, the industry is operating at 29,800,000,000 spindle hours quarterly.

The Institute said the basic reasons for this "impressive performance" were the 130 per cent rise in the nations income, a sharp expansion in the export trade which reached 778,000,000 yards last year, and the 12,000,000 increase in population in the last decade.

The report said it was still possible to increase the industry's post-war productive power, since recently-installed machines have not had time to demonstrate their potentialities.

The Institute said last year's production of broad woven goods totalled 9,111,000,000 yards, compared with 8,287,300,000 in 1939 and 9,546,700,000 in 1945.

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, May 6.

May	36 26+06
July	36 18+14
October	29 18+18
October highest	29 28+28
October lowest	29 00—
December	28 28+18
January	27 82+18
March	27 74+17
Middling Spot	36 89+15

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, May 6

May	36 16+07
July	34 01+07
October	29 14+11
December	28 17+13
March	27 63+18
Middling Spot	36.10+16

NEW YORK PEPPER PRICES

NEW YORK, May 6 (UPA).

Black pepper futures closed unchanged to 100 points higher, with no sales reported in the New York market today. Activity in the spice trade generally remained at low ebb as bidders, importers and brokers assembled for the three-day convention of the American Spice Trade Association.

Meanwhile, prices for Lampong, black and white pepper were reported nominally unchanged.

Closing prices included: May 32 nominal; July 30 nominal, September 27.50 nominal, October 25.00 to 26.50 nominal; December January March 26 nominal.

LONDON SILVER PRICES UNCHANGED

LONDON, May 6 (UPA).

The domestic silver market was extremely idle today, and prices remained unchanged, with ready quoted at 44-3/4 pence per ounce and two months forward at 44-1/2 pence per ounce.

Some odd lots of silver in New York have been offered to London but demand here has been insufficient to induce buying.

No signs of shipments to London were reported from overseas.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, May 6.

	£
Consols 2-1/2 pc	26-1/2
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 pc 1961	111-1/2
War Loan 3-1/2 pc 1952 and after	106
Funding Loan 4 pc 1960/90	118-1/8
Victory Bonds 4 pc	119-7/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	12-5/16
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	116-1/2
National Bank of India	36

NEW YORK SILVER.

NEW YORK, May 6 (U. P. A.): The silver price in the New York Market remained unchanged today at 73-3/4 cents per ounce.

London entered the market for a small amount of between 50,000 and 100 000 ounces.

The total amount of business transacted was estimated at 300.000 ounces.

MADRAS SHARE QUOTATIONS

MADRAS, May 7.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES:—Deccan 24 Do 62 India Sugar 20/4 Jeypore 19 Mysore Sugar 50/4 Travancore 17 Plantungs: Cochin Malabar 13.2 Rhembra Peaks 10/3 High Produce 25 Kaipettas 27/4 Kalasa 14.2 Malankara 60 Ouchterlony 12 6 Peermade 7/8 Pallangodes 20/20-1/2 Thirumbadi 3/29 Woodlands 9 6.

TEXTILES:—Bangalore Wol 550 Balasuramania 140 Cambodia 25 Dhanlaxmi 225 Janardhana 135 Kothari Tex 40 3 Mettur 280 Ranga Vilas 159.

MISCELLANEOUS:—And. Cement 95 Ind Trust 13 12 Mysore Chem and Fert 15 Mettur Chem 13/8 Pruhvi 12 Singareni 15 Spencer 12 2.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

CHICAGO, May 6.

After early strength attributed to short covering in May contracts, and buying in other months, stimulated by further unwanted rains in the north-west and reemphasis placed on the large European and Asiatic grain requirements for the 1947-48 season, prices reacted under the leadership of wheat on increase profit taking owing to the failure of Minneapolis and Kansa city wheat markets to maintain early gains. Brance purchases made rate quantities of 80 per cent extraction. Sources disappointment from the Gulf to be applied against that country's supplementary export allocation of 35,000 tons. The C. O. C. Chicago office yesterday bought 675,000 bushels of maize, and it is understood the purchase included one cargo to be loaded at Baltimore for clearance this week at a price equal to 17 cents above the Chicago, May price F. O. B. steamer.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, May 7.

S. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 Ready.

S. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/8 29 32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/8 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/32 to 6th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/8 1/16 10th-12th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/16 to 6th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 3 32 6th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/8 1/8 7th to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying 90 d st. 1/8 1/8 to 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 90 d st. 1/8 3 32 6th and 6th Months.

London Banks Buying 90 d st. 1/8 5/16 7th and 9th Months.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES.

S. C. Rate 2.1 Rs 332 1/4.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs 332 1/4.

Banks Buying T. T. Rs 329.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329

Montreal Rs 329 3/4 under L/C.

Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs 329 3/4.

Montreal Rs 329 1/2 not under L/C.

Forte Banks Selling T. T. Pcs 3330

Forte Banks Buying T. T. Pcs 3330

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 71 79

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. ——

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 84 84

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 185 1/8 1/4

Burma Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 185 186 1/2

Money.—Call 1 pc 3 Months 1 3 pc 6 Months 3/4 pc 12 Months 1 1/4 pc

Tone.—Easy

LONDON PEPPER DROPS.

LONDON May 6. (U. P. A.) Prices in the London pepper market dropped sharply in a bid for business today, with white pepper quoted at 2s. 1-3 4 and black pepper at 1s. 8-3 4d.

CALCUTTA, May 7 (A. P. I.): A bomb was thrown in Beliaghata area this morning. None injured but 8 arrests were made.

A hand-cart was robbed of some boxes of tinned fish at the point of the dagger in an area under Bow Bazar Police Station. Six persons were arrested in this connection.

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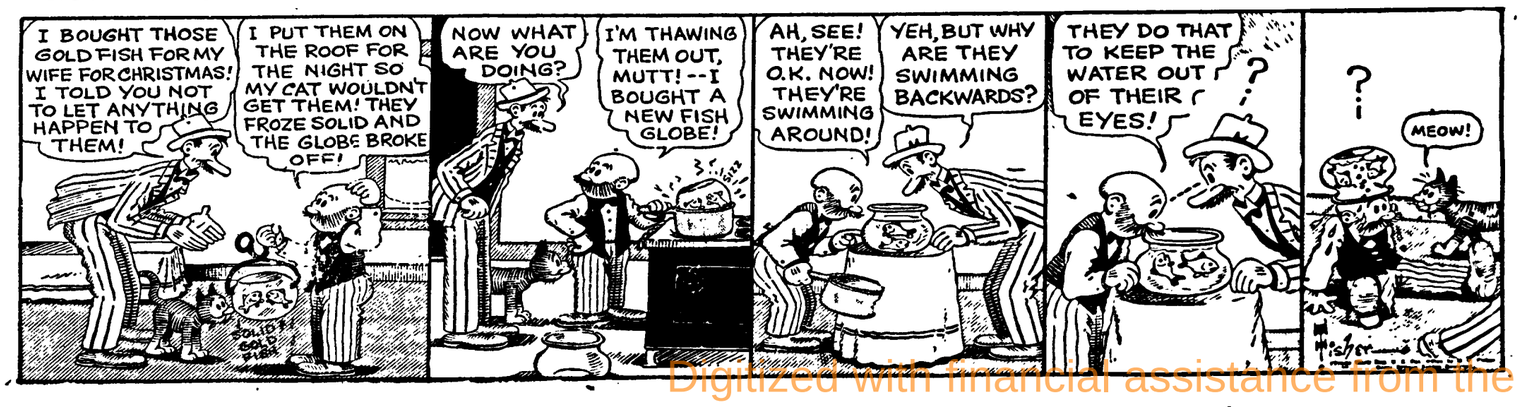
By BUD FISHER


I BOUGHT THOSE GOLD FISH FOR MY WIFE FOR CHRISTMAS! I TOLD YOU NOT TO LET ANYTHING HAPPEN TO THEM!
I PUT THEM ON THE ROOF FOR THE NIGHT SO MY CAT WOULDN'T GET THEM! THEY FROZE SOLID AND THE GLOBE BROKE OFF!
NOW WHAT ARE YOU DOING?
I'M THAWING THEM OUT, MUTT! --I BOUGHT A NEW FISH GLOBE!
AH, SEE! THEY'RE O.K. NOW! THEY'RE SWIMMING AROUND!
YEH, BUT WHY ARE THEY SWIMMING BACKWARDS?
THEY DO THAT TO KEEP THE WATER OUT OF THEIR EYES!
MEOW!
Fisher

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SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted immediately a Gujarati speaking B.Sc. (Agriculture) for "Jeevan Bharati Basic School". Apply before 15th May, stating qualifications, age, minimum salary required, to Principal, "Jeevan Bharati", Nanpara, Surat. 3435

Wanted two Ledger Keepers (One Senior and one Junior), having previous experience of not less than five years in Shipping Firms of repute. Salary according to qualifications and experience. G.D.A. preferred. Apply in own handwriting with copies of Testimonials to Box No. 3442 C.o. "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted A Principal and Teachers for a School across the Bombay Harbour. Pay according to qualifications. Apply to Box No. 5792, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted three experienced Graduates or Undergraduates to teach English, Mathematics & History to Matriculation students. Write to Jain Gurukul, Beawar (Raj.) 5694

Wanted A compounder on Rs. 40/- per month for a Hospital across the Bombay Harbour. Apply to Box No. 5791, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Graduates and Matrics, experienced and inexperienced as officers and clerks. Salary Rs. 110/- and Rs. 70/- per month respectively in a reputable bank. Rs. 500/- cash Securities essential Post Permanent. Apply Box No. 5770. "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Salesmen thoroughly experienced in Import trade, mainly in Textiles, Piecegoods, Sundries and kindred items, having very good connections locally and outside; decent salary plus commission. Only really deserving apply with qualifications, etc. to Box No. 5788, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted Arts Graduate Teachers for all subjects, and a Matriculate with Persian. Trained preferred. Apply stating terms and other particulars, before the 20th May to the Hon. Secretary, Shree Jain Yuvak Mandal, Vapi, St. Daman Road. 3416

Wanted—A Spinning Master for our Textile Mill at Lyallpur. The candidate should have a minimum practical experience of ten years independent work as Spinning Master in any of the larger well-known Mills; should be an experienced and confident Erector and be in a position to maintain the machinery in good condition, should be able to guarantee production, should have knowledge of cottons and latest technics of processing. Pay scale offered is Rs. 1,250-50-1750 plus dearness allowance which at present is 171½% of pay. Post is permanent and pensionable. Higher starting salary can be considered for exceptional ability. Apply to the Managing Directors, Delhi Cloth & General Mills Co., Ltd., P.O. Box No. 39, Delhi. (3400)

M. T. B. College, Surat:—Applications stating age, experience and qualifications are invited for teaching posts in the following subjects:—(1) English, (2) Sanskrit, (3) Persian, (4) French, (5) Mathematics, (6) History and Economics and also for the posts of Demonstrators in Physics, Chemistry and Biology. Scales:—Professors-Rs. 200-10-350, Lecturers-Rs. 130-10-200, Demonstrators-Rs. 80-5-120. D.A. in all cases 17 1/2 per cent of the salary with a minimum of Rs. 22/- and a maximum of Rs. 50/-. Salary and designation according to qualifications. Applications with testimonials must reach the Principal before 2nd June, 1947. Applicants who have appeared at the Master's Degree Examination this year may communicate their results immediately after publication of the same. (3245)

Wanted—Immediately temporary Clerks in 'C' Grade in the scale of 55-5-80 plus additional pay, usual dearness, house-rent and grain compensation allowances, totalling Rs. 91-3-0. Minimum qualification Matriculation. Knowledge of typewriting preferred. Posts have been reserved for Muslims and scheduled caste candidates. Apply immediately to the Shipping Master, Government Shipping Office, Commerce House, Ballard Estate, Bombay. Applications must reach the Shipping Master latest by 12th instant. 5737

Wanted Youths for Newspaper work with good command over English language. Pay Rs. 50/- plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8. Those who have passed Matriculation examination need apply in their own handwriting to the Manager, "The Bombay Chronicle." Interviews between noon and 1 p.m.

Wanted—An Expert Hosiery Technologist knowing Cotton Hosiery Machines engineering, well-versed in Hosiery Knitting Cuttings, Dyeing and Bleaching, Sewing and Finishing. Apply with testimonials stating minimum salary to Jugglal Kamlapat Hosiery Factory, Kamla Tower, Cawnpore. 3387

Employments of every nature promptly arranged everywhere. Consult stating qualifications. Globe Employment Bureau, Agra. 5779

PUBLIC NOTICES

MALT EXTRACT—AGENCY

OFFERS ARE INVITED for taking up Sole Agency for the distribution and sale of malt extract with shark liver oil manufactured at the Government Malt Factory, Coimbatore under expert supervision by the Department of Agriculture, Madras. The product is of excellent quality, and has been in great demand from all over India. Applications stating the terms of agency should reach the Biochemist-in-charge, Government Malt Factory, Lawley Road, P.O., Coimbatore, before 15th May, 1947. Only firms having experience in the line need apply.

M. T. RAJU,
Joint Director of Agriculture (in charge).
3434

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T. will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 19-5-1947 for the supply of Vegetables at the Railway's Grainshop at Ahmednagar. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office or from the Assistant Controller, Grainshops, G.I.P. Railway, at Poona. 3436

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that M.s. INDIAN IMPORTERS SYNDICATE have ceased to be the Managing Agents of M.s. Indra Premchand & Co., M's. Asia Imports and M.s. Mansukhani Bros.

All further communications to these three Companies may be sent to their own Registered address.

G. J. SALDANHA,
Advocate for
M.s. Indian Importers Syndicate.
17, Raveline Street, Bombay. 5785

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that our Policy No. 387 issued on the life of Mr. V. V. Kurlekar of Miraj has been lost. The policy has become a claim by the death of Mr. Kurlekar. Unless an objection is lodged with us within fifteen days of this date, the claim will be settled in favour of Mrs. Kamalabai V. Kurlekar, the nominee under the said policy.

S. N. KOLHATKAR,
Managing Director.
Your Own Provident Ins. Co. Ltd.,
Western India House,
Fort, BOMBAY.
Date 8-5-47. (3433)

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE DY. GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops), G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 p.m. on 23-5-1947 for the supply of Groundnut Oil at the Railway's grainshops at Bombay from 1-6-47. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above Office. 3432

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MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

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PUBLIC NOTICES.

THE MSM/SI. RAILWAYS JOINT SERVICE COMMISSION, MADRAS

APPLICATIONS are invited for the following posts on the M.S.M. and S.I. Railways. All appointments are temporary for the present.

2. Details regarding approximate number of vacancies available, pay, qualifications, age limits, communal reservation, etc. are given below for each category; in the case of applicants belonging to the Scheduled Castes, the upper age limit will be 3 years more than that specified below against each category. The following abbreviations have been used:—

N.B. for Non Brahmin Hindu.
B. „ Brahmin.
S.C. „ Scheduled Caste Hindu
A.I. „ Anglo-Indian or Domiciled European.
M. „ Muslim.
O.M.C. „ Christian, Sikh or Parsi.

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Category II.—
Office Clerks—54.
N.B. 20; B-8; S.C.-8; A.I.-7; M.-7; O.M.C.-4. Pay Rs. 35-2-45. 18 to 25 years on 1-6-47.

Category III.—
Office Clerk—1.
M. or S.C. Pay Rs. 40-2½-70. Passed Intermediate or above. 18 to 25 years on 1-6-47.

Category IV.—
Ticket Collectors.—40.
N.B. 12; B.-5; S.C.-5; A.I.-12; M.-4; O.M.C.-2. Pay Rs. 40. 18 to 25 years on 1-6-47. Height 5 ft. 5"; Chest 34."

Category V.—
App. Train Examiners.—19.
N.B.-8; B.-2; M.-2; A.I.-3; S.C.-3; O.M.C.-1. Pay Rs. 21-1½-27. 17 to 19 years on 1-6-47. Height 5 ft. 4"; Chest 34".

Category VI.—
App. Fireman.—1.
O.M.C. Pay Rs. 27-1½-30. 16 to 20 years on 1-6-47. Height 5 ft. 5" Chest 34". Eyesight normal without glasses.

Category VII.—
Brakesmen.—3.
O.M.C. Pay Rs. 31/- fixed. 18 to 25 years on 1-6-47. Height 5 ft. 4"; Chest 34". Eyesight normal without glasses.

Category VIII.—
Telegraph Probationers.—11.
O.M.C.-6; M.-2; S.C.-3. Pay Rs. 20/- during training, and Rs 40-2½-55 thereafter. 18 to 21 years on 1-6-47. Height 5 ft. 4"; Chest 34". Eyesight normal without glasses.

Category IX.—
Block Operators.—6.
S.C.-2; M.-2; O.M.C.-2. Pay Rs. 40/- fixed. 18 to 21 years on 1-6-47.

Category X.—
Train Clerks.—3.
S.C.-1; M.-1; A.I.-1. Pay Rs. 31/- fixed. 18 to 25 years on 1-6-47.

NOTE.—EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS FOR CATEGORIES I. II, AND IV TO X—Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent.

Category XI.—
Sub. Asst. Surgeon.—1.
Other than Brahmin. Medical Graduate, D.M.S. or Licentiate Medical Practitioner. Rs. 76-4-80-5-120. Below 30 years on 1-6-47.

Category XII.—
Cash Counter Clerks—7.
Pay Rs. 35-2-45. Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent. 18 to 25 years on 1-6-47. Selected candidates will have to furnish a Cash Security of Rs. 750/-. Preference to Scheduled Caste candidates.

Category XIII.—
Typists.—5.
Pay Rs. 35-2-45. Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent and Lower Grade in Typewriting. 18 to 25 years on 1-6-47. Preference to Scheduled Caste Candidates.

FOR S. I. RAILWAY

Category XIV.—
Nurse—1.
Must possess a Certificate for general nursing and be registered. Pay Rs. 100-5-140 plus ration allowance of Rs.. 40 per mensem and uniform allowance of Rs. 60/- per annum. Below 30 years on 1-6-47. Preference to Muslim, Scheduled Caste or Brahmin candidates with War Service.

Category XV.—
Hindi Teacher.—1.
Must possess qualifications prescribed in Madras Government G.O. No. 2098 Education, dated 2-11-46. Pay Rs. 30-2/2-50. No communal reservation. Below 35 years on 1-6-47.

Category XVI.—
Asst. School Masters.—2.
N.B.-1: M.-1. Secondary Grade T.T.C. Pay Rs. 40-2-50. Below 30 years on 1-6-47. Training in Cubbing for Ele. Schools and experience in Secondary Schools desirable.

Category XVII.—
Asst. School Mistresses.—2.
A.I. Middle Grade Trained (High School minimum). Should hold Certificate in Physical Training, Needle work or domestic science and music. Pay Rs. 70-2½-85. 18 to 25 years on 1-6-47. Candidates should be unmarried or widowed.
N.B. or S.C. Category XVIII.—
Physical Training Instructor.—1
Higher Grade. Experience in High Schools desirable. Pay Rs. 40-2-50-1-60. Below 35 years on 1-6-47.

Category XIX.—
Midwife.—1.
N.B. Must possess Government Diploma in Midwifery. Pay Rs. 35½-1½-40. Below 30 years on 1-6-47.

Category XX.—
Probationary Firemen Grade II.—32.
N.B. 18; S.C.-6; M.-6; A.I.-2. Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent. Pay Rs. 35 during training and Rs. 35-2½-40 thereafter. 18 to 24 years on 1-6-47. Height 5'-5"; Chest girth 34"; Eyesight normal without glasses.

Category XXI.—
Probationary Relieving Clerks.-34.
N.B.-15; S.C.-5; M-3; A.I.-3; B-5; O.M.C.-3 Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent. Pay Rs. 35/- (Minimum wage for A.I.—Rs. 55). 18 to 25 years on 1-6-47.

Category XXII.—
Sub-Inspector Grade I—6.
N.B.-3; S.C.-1; M.-1; A.I.-1. Upper Subordinates or L.C.Es. Pay Rs. 100/- in scale Rs. 75-5-100. Below 26 years on 1-4-47.

Category XXIII.—
Sub-Inspector Grade II.—27.
N.B. 12; S.C.-4; M.-3; A.I.-3; O.M.C.-2; B.-3. Lower Subordinates or ex Military personnel who served as A.P.W.I. in the Army and who possess the minimum educational qualification, i.e., Passed S.S.L.C. or equivalent. Pay Rs. 50-2½-70. Below 25 years on 1-4-47.

NOTE: FOR THE ABOVE TWO CATEGORIES XXII AND XXIII, THE PERIOD OF ACTUAL WAR SERVICE, IF ANY, WILL BE DEDUCTED FROM THE ACTUAL AGE OF THE CANDIDATES CONCERNED.

Category XXIV.—
Draftsmen (Higher Grade).—4.
N.B.-2; A.I.-1; M.-1. Upper Subordinates or L.C. Es. Pay Rs. 100 in scale Rs 75-5-100. 20 to 26 years on 1-4-47.

Category XXV.—
Draftsmen (Lower Grade).—23.
N.B.-10; S.C.-4; M.-2; A.I.-2; O.M.C.-2; B.-3. Lower Subordinates of Engineering College or men with lower Engineering qualifications. Pay Rs. 50-2½-70. 18 to 26 years on 1-4-47.

3. In addition to the Pay, detailed above for each category, Dearness Allowance under the rules and an Interim Relief of Rs. 4-8-0-P.M. (for so long as it is sanctioned) will be admissible. Candidates selected as Sub-Inspectors against Categories XXII and XXIII above, when posted to be in charge of Open Line Sub Sections, will be eligible for rent-free quarters.

4. Applications should be made on the prescribed form obtainable at a cost of Re. 1/- from the Secretary, MSM/SI. Railways Joint Service Commission, 53, Gangadeeswarar Koil Street, Vepery, Madras 7, by writing to him by POST, on or before 26-5-47, enclosing a sufficiently stamped self-addressed envelope and a crossed Indian Postal Order for One Rupee, payable to the Paymaster and Cashier, M.S.M. Rly., Madras; Scheduled Caste candidates who are Hindus, need only send four one anna postage stamps in place of the crossed Indian Postal Order for One Rupee.

5. Ex. Servicemen can obtain application forms free of cost from the nearest Employment Office in Madras Presidency. They must also send their applications through the same office.

6. The applicant must clearly specify on his application form the category and the advertisement number. On completion, the application form must be sent by post to the Secretary so as to reach him on or before 30-5-47.

7. Unselected candidates will not be informed of the result of their application and letters from candidates on such matters cannot be replied to.

No. JSC/47/Adv. 5.
Madras 2-5-47. 3431

THE SWASTIK OIL MILLS LIMITED,

NOTICE.

THE SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of SWASTIK OIL MILLS LIMITED, will be held on Thursday the 29th May 1947 at 11-0 A.M. at the office of Messrs. Bakubhai Ambalal & Co., 27, Bastion Road, Fort, Bombay.

1. To adopt Directors' Report and Audited Statements of Accounts for the year ended 31st December 1946.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To re-elect Mr. C.S. Patel as Director under Article 100
4. To elect Directors in place of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas and Mr. Narottam Laibhai, who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.
5. To appoint Auditors and to fix their remuneration.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
SARABHAI SONS LIMITED,
VIKRAM A. SARABHAI,
Director,
Agents.
Bombay, 24th April, 1947. 3443

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS in the prescribed form and fees for statements of marks at the INTERMEDIATE SCIENCE Examination will be accepted from Saturday, 10th May, 1947, between
11-00 A.M. and 2-30 P.M.
Statement of marks will be delivered between 3-30 p.m. and 5-30 p.m. on the working day, following the day on which the fee has been received from the applicants, on production of the relevant receipt. This arrangement will continue till Friday, the 16th May, 1947, inclusive.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar. 3437

CHANGE IN TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Kindly note that our Telephone numbers are changed to:
32021 & 32022 (two lines)
THE AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.
Fort, Bombay. (3408)

PUBLIC NOTICES

R. C. TECHNICAL INSTITUTE, AHMEDABAD

APPLICATIONS are invited from the candidates domiciled in the Province of Bombay as defined in the Government Recruitment Rules for the following posts:—

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
Mechanical Engineering Section:
1 Head and 1 Lecturer.
Electrical Engineering Section:
1 Head, 1 Lecturer and 1 Laboratory Demonstrator.
Civil Engineering Section:
1 Lecturer and 3 Demonstrators in Surveying.
TEXTILE DEPARTMENT
1 Lecturer in Weaving and 1 Lecturer in Spinning.
DYEING AND BLEACHING DEPARTMENT
1 Head and 1 Lecturer.
GENERAL
1 Junior Lecturer in Mathematics, and 1 Junior Lecturer in English and Economics.

QUALIFICATIONS AND EXPERIENCE

HEADS:—Should have a Degree in their respective line with at least 4 years' practical experience. For Dyeing Department, he should have a Degree in Textile Chemistry.

LECTURERS:—Should have a Degree or a First Class Diploma in their respective branches with at least 2 years' practical experience.

LABORATORY DEMONSTRATORS:—Degree or Diploma in the respective branch with at least one year's practical experience.

JUNIOR LECTURER IN MATHEMATICS:—1st or 2nd Class B.A., or B.Sc. with Mathematics as principle subject.

JUNIOR LECTURER IN ENGLISH AND ECONOMICS:—At least B.A. (Hons.) with English or Economics.

Teaching experience will be considered an added qualification for all the above posts.

SCALES OF PAY:—
Heads:—Rs 170-10-250 E.B.-15-400-E.B.-20-500 (to be started at Rs. 310/- per month)
Lecturers:—Rs. 170-10-250.
Laboratory Demonstrators and Junior Lecturers:—Rs 100-10-170.

A higher initial salary in any of the above grades may be given to a candidate with specially good qualifications or additional experience.

ADDITIONAL PAY, WAR ALLOWANCE AND DEARNESS ALLOWANCE:—These will be given as per Government orders from time to time. Present orders for additional pay are Rs. 10/- for salaries of Rs. 40/- and over.

Dearness or War allowance:—Rs. 26/- for salaries of Rs. 40/- and over or at 17½% of salary, whichever is greater. AGE: Not more than 35 for Heads of Departments and sections and not more than 32 for other technical posts.

All the above appointments will be, in the first instance, for one year only, on temporary basis. Candidates will have to join on or before 1st July, 1947 at the R C. Technical Institute, Ahmedabad. They shall have to appear for interview at Bombay at their own cost. They will not be entitled to Travelling Allowance for joining their appointments at Ahmedabad.

The applications should be submitted giving details of general and technical education, practical experience, domicile, age, caste and sub-caste, etc. on the prescribed form (which will be supplied on request, together with details of qualifications and experience required for each post), so as to reach the undersigned on or before 19-5-1947. Preference will be given to candidates from Backward Classes and Muslims. Preference will also be given to candidates with Approved war service.

Canvassing directly or indirectly will disqualify the candidate.

T. A. DESAI,
Principal,
R. C. Technical Institute,
Ahmedabad.
Dated, 2nd May, 1947. 3394

G.I.P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES invites Tenders for Printing & Supplying G.I.P. Railway Goods Tariff Part I-A. Forms obtainable from Stores Head Office, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay No. 13, at Rs. 4/- per Set, not refundable. Money Order or cash only. Closing date 2-6-1947 at 3 p.m. (S.T.) 3429

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

I, the undersigned P. Warner of the Govt. Telegraph Office Rajkot do hereby pass this deed of releasing or divorcing my wife Mrs. Letty Warner and free her from my marriage tie altogether for the future. As no trace of Mrs. Letty Warner is known since over 7 years, though I tried to serve her with the release deed by sending the same at several addresses by Registered Post and though I personally went to Bombay for tracing her out and then taking regular divorce proceedings but having failed therein, I have been constrained to give this information to her through papers now.

P. WARNER.
Rajkot C. S. Dt. 27-4-1947.

Drafted by,
R. A. MANIAR,
B.A., LLB. Pleader. 3440

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE RUBY GENERAL INSURANCE CO. LTD.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a MEETING of the Policyholders of the Ruby General Insurance Co. Ltd., who are eligible to vote will be held at the Company's Principal Office (Life Department), 21, DARYAGANJ, DELHI, on the 30th day of August, 1947 at 4 o'clock in the afternoon to elect two Directors to the Board.

Only and all persons holding otherwise than as assignees one or more policies of life insurance issued by the Company and insuring a total sum including any bonuses that may have attached to them before the date of election, of not less than Rs. 3,000 or annuities on human life of a total not less than Rs. 250 per annum (provided such policies have been in force not less than three years) are eligible for election as Directors. Only and all persons holding policies of life insurance issued by the Company and having been in force at the time of election for not less than six months are eligible to vote at such election. The assignment of a policy to the person who took out the policy will not disqualify that person from being eligible for election as a Director. Every policyholder who desires to attend the meeting must apply to the Principal Office (Life Department) of the Company, 21, Daryaganj, Delhi, for a certificate of admission quoting the number of the policy held by him and such application should reach the Principal Office (Life) not less than two months before the date of the meeting. A certificate of admission will be issued to an applicant, only if he hold a policy of life insurance issued by the Company not less than six months before the date of election. The certificate of admission will, if applied for by post, be sent only to the address of the policyholder or if applied for in person, be delivered only on production of the relevant policy A certificate of admission is not transferable. Only those Policyholders who produce the certificates of admission granted to them will be admitted to the meeting

Applications are invited from eligible persons prepared to accept Office as elected Directors of the Company. Every application must give the applicant's name and address and the numbers of and amounts of the sum insured by the policies by virtue of which he claims to be eligible for election, and must be made in English and must be sent by registered post to the Principal Office (Life) of the Company so as to reach it not less than two months before the date of the meeting.

Votes for the election of Directors may be given at the meeting either personally or by proxy. The instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing Form IV-A of the Schedule to the Insurance Rules, 1939, under the hand of the appointer in favour of a policyholder and must be presented at the Principal Office (Life) of the Company not less than one month before the date of the meeting No Policyholder can appoint more than one proxy irrespective of the number of policies he holds. Proxy Forms can be had from the Principal Office (Life Department) of the Company on application.

J. P. KANORIA,
General Manager.
Calcutta.
Dated, 2nd May, 1947. 3441

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION

GEORGE VI, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of BURJORJI SHAPURJI SANJANA, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, last residing at "Bachan Lodge", Worli Sea Face, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Deceased.

(1) JALBHOY RUSTOMJI SANJANA, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, carrying on business at Jer Mahal, Dhobi Talao, outside the Fort of Bombay; (2) TEHMTAN RUSTOMJI KAPADIA, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant, carrying on business at Jer Mahal, Dhobi Talao, outside the Fort of Bombay. Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir LEONARD STONE, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 3rd day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and forty-seven and in the Eleventh year of our Reign.

(Sd) S. J. RAHIMTOOLA,
Prothonotary & Senior Master
(Sd) A. R NARAYAN AYYAR,
Sealer.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

The 3rd day of April, 1947.

Messrs. PEREIRA FAZALBHOY & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys. 3439

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the public that Mr AMRATLAL NAGARDAS, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property

All persons having any claim interest or demand howsoever against in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, exchange, gift, inheritance, mortgage, lease, lien charge, trusts, easement, maintenance, share, possession, coparcenary, right or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to give notice thereof in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 65 Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claim interest or demand howsoever and the same, if any, shall be deemed and treated as having been waived or abandoned.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being at Ghatkopar forming part of the Town Planning Scheme Ghatkopar No II in Taluka South Salsette of Bombay Suburban District in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, being Plot No 60 of the said scheme, containing by admeasurement 916 (Nine hundred and sixteen) square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the East by Public Road known as Seventh Road of the said Scheme, on or towards the West by Plot No 59 of the said Scheme, on or towards the North by Plot No 61 of the said Scheme and on or towards the South by Public Road known as the Third Road of the said Scheme

Dated this 7th day of May, 1947.
MOHILE & PAREKH,
Purchaser's Attorneys
3438

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai LILAVATI SHANKER MORE has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand into or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of Mortgage, Charge, gift, purchase, trust, inheritance, bequest, maintenance, lien, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to notify to the undersigned in writing at their Office at Cama Building, 24-26 Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, after which period the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same if any, will be considered as waived

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of land, together with messuages tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at 3rd Dhobi Talao Lane, without the Fort and in Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring 64 sq yds or thereabouts assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 2483 (2), Street No. 2A and in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 240-240, New No. a 1783, Old Survey No. 21, New Survey No. 2 8265 and Cadastral Survey No. 407 of Bhuleshwar Division and bounded, on the East by property of Janardhan Ragunath More on West by passage and parapet wall and property of Pestonji C. Choksey, on North by sweepers passage and property of Haji Mahomed Haji Usman and on the South by 3rd Dhobi Talao Lane and property of Haji Mahomed Haji Usman.

Dated this 2nd day of May, 1947.
VAKIL DADABHOY & BHARUCHA
Purchaser's Attorneys.
3430

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF MANGALORE Tiles, Roofing and Ridges, etc., on FRIDAY, 9th inst. at 10 a.m. (S.T.) at No. 3 Huting Depot, near Govt. Timber Depot, Wadala, and Furniture including chairs, tables, etc., at Government Timber Depot, Wadala, under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay.

Terms: 25% deposit, balance in 7 days, delivery in 21 days otherwise money and goods will be forfeited.

AUCTION SALE of Gold and Silver Ornaments and Jewellery including Gold Hair Pin with pearls, imitation Brouches, Nose Ring with pearls and a diamond, pearls earings Gold bangles, Gold Anant Dora and Silver vessels etc. on THURSDAY 8th inst. at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at No. 72 Medows Street, Fort, under instructions from the Court Receiver, High Court Bombay and as the Receiver of the Estate of Dhondupant Khanderao Kothare, Lunatic.

Terms: 25% deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF MUNICIPAL UNSERVICEABLE STORES.

Under instructions from the Municipal Commissioner, Bombay, Messrs BENNETT & CO. will TODAY (THURSDAY) 8th instant at 3 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at Central Stores, Chinchpokli: C.I. pipe and box scrap about 45 tons, G.M. scrap, brass and copper scraps, barrels, drums, powras, pick axes, enamel scrap, bottles, tools, taps, ghamelas, etc.

Terms: 50 per cent Cash deposit.
BENNETT & CO

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